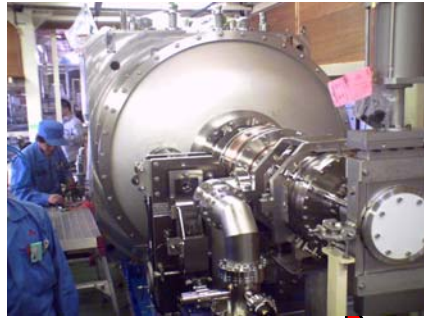


Status of the accelerator upgrade

**2nd Open meeting for the proto-collaboration
July 3, 2008
Haruyo Koiso**

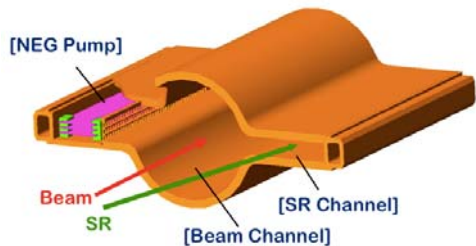


Crab cavities will be installed and tested with beam in 2006.

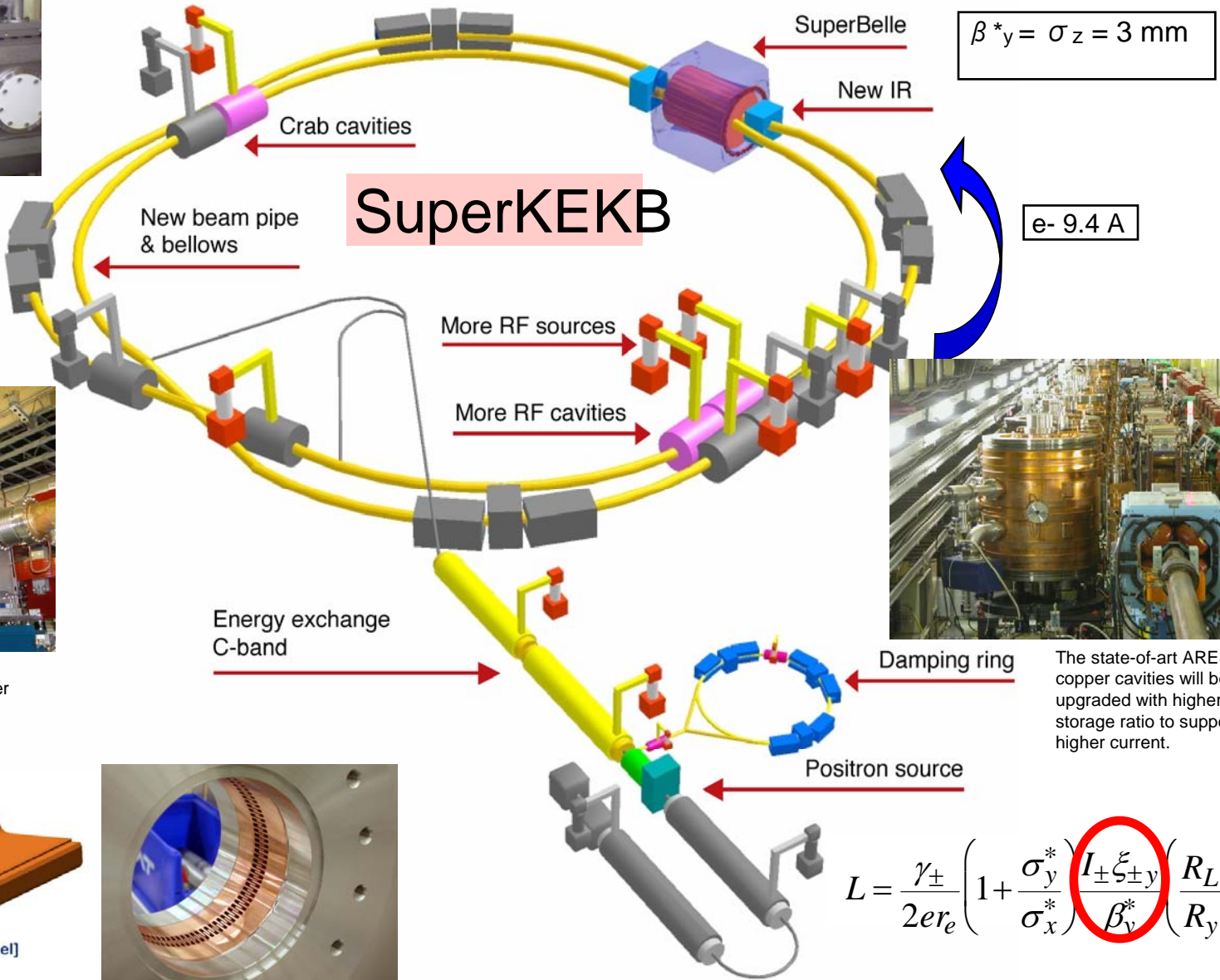
$e^+ 4.1 \text{ A}$



The superconducting cavities will be upgraded to absorb more higher-order mode power up to 50 kW.



The beam pipes and all vacuum components will be replaced with higher-current-proof design.



$$\beta^*_y = \sigma_z = 3 \text{ mm}$$

$e^- 9.4 \text{ A}$



The state-of-art ARES copper cavities will be upgraded with higher energy storage ratio to support higher current.

$$L = \frac{\gamma_{\pm}}{2e r_e} \left(1 + \frac{\sigma_y^*}{\sigma_x^*} \frac{I_{\pm} \xi_{\pm y}}{\beta_y^*} \left(\frac{R_L}{R_y} \right) \right)$$

will reach $8 \times 10^{35} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$.

Costs & Effects

Preliminary

Item	Object	Oku-yen = 1.0 M\$	Luminosity
New beam pipes	Enable high current Reduce e-cloud	178 (incl. BPM, magnets, etc.)	x1.5
New IR	Small β^*	31	x2
e+ Damping Ring	Allow injection with small increase e+ capture	40 incl. linac upgrade	if not, x0.75
More RF and cooling systems	High current	179 (incl. facilities)	x3
Crab Cavities	Higher beam-beam param.	15	x2 - x4

Items are interrelated.

KEKB Upgrade Meeting

Nov. 2	Parameters, Vacuum system
Nov. 28	Lattice, Interaction region
Dec. 21	RF, Facility
Jan. 18	Linac, Beam transport, Damping ring
Feb. 22	Beam instrumentation, Magnet
Mar. 13	Control, Crab cavity
Apr. 9	Vacuum
May 15	Interaction region
Jun. 18	Detector background

Subgroup meeting

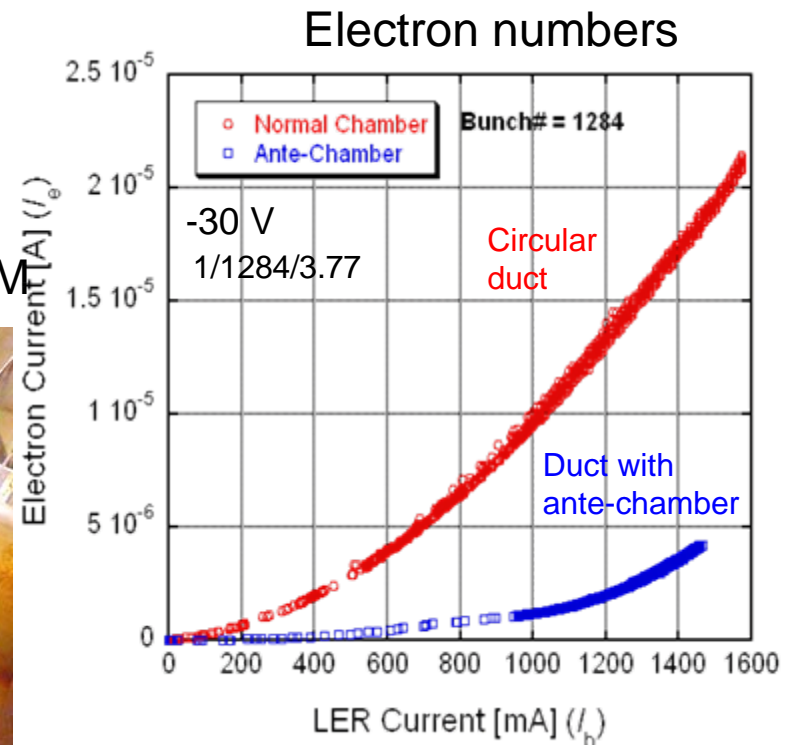
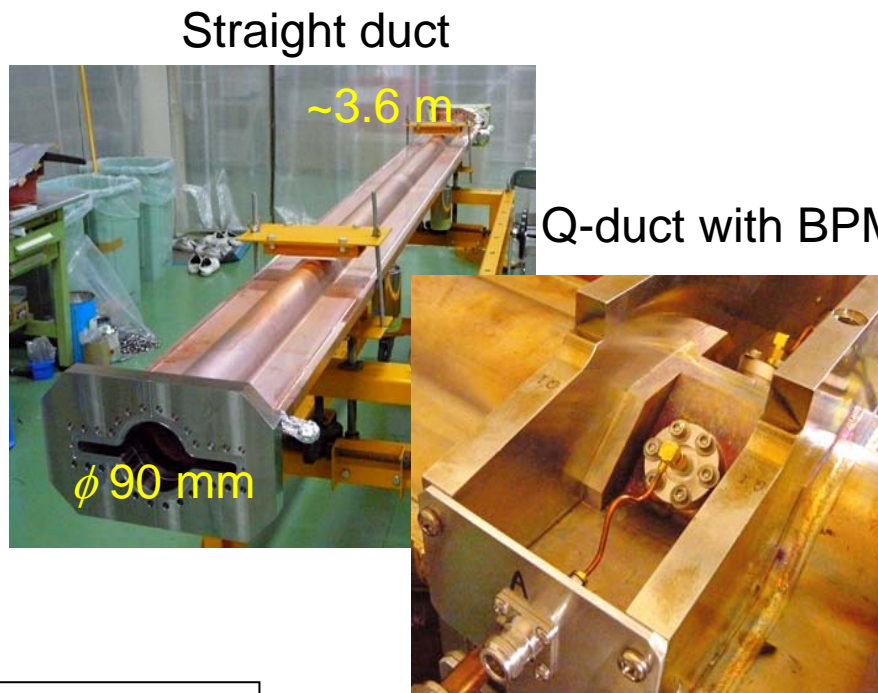
- Collective effects and impedance
- IR
- Magnet & lattice

RF parameters

Ring	LER	HER		unit
Beam energy	3.5	8.0		GeV
Beam current	9.4	4.1		A
Energy loss /turn	0.84	3.42		MV
Radiation loss	7.91	14.02		MW
Total loss factor, assumed	40 ± 5	45 ± 10		V/pC
Parasitic loss	7.09 ± 0.89	1.52 ± 0.34		MW
Total beam power	15.0 ± 0.9	15.5 ± 0.3		MW
Cavity type	ARES (modified)	ARES	SCC	
Number of cavities (= klystrons)	22~24	18~16	8	
Voltage /cavity	0.5	0.5	1.3	MV
Beam power /cavity	650	720	460	kW
Wall loss /cavity	233	150	-	kW
Detuning frequency	44	31	75	kHz
Klystron power	940	930	490	kW
Total RF voltage	~11	~18		MV
Total AC plug power	35	33		MW

Beam pipe with antechamber

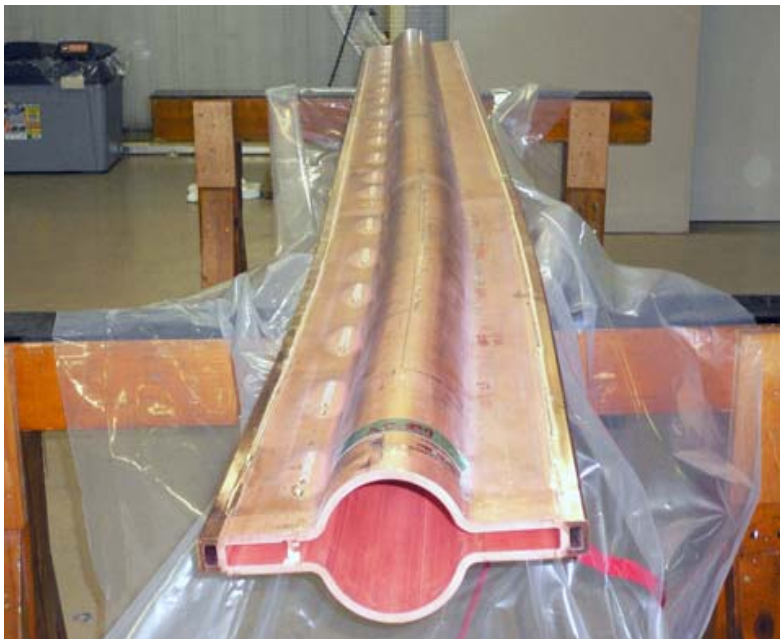
- Copper beam pipe with antechamber to reduce SR power density, photon density, photoelectron density, impedance.
- Straight ducts were Installed in KEKB LER.
- No serious problem up to 1.7A.
- Photoelectron density was decreased.



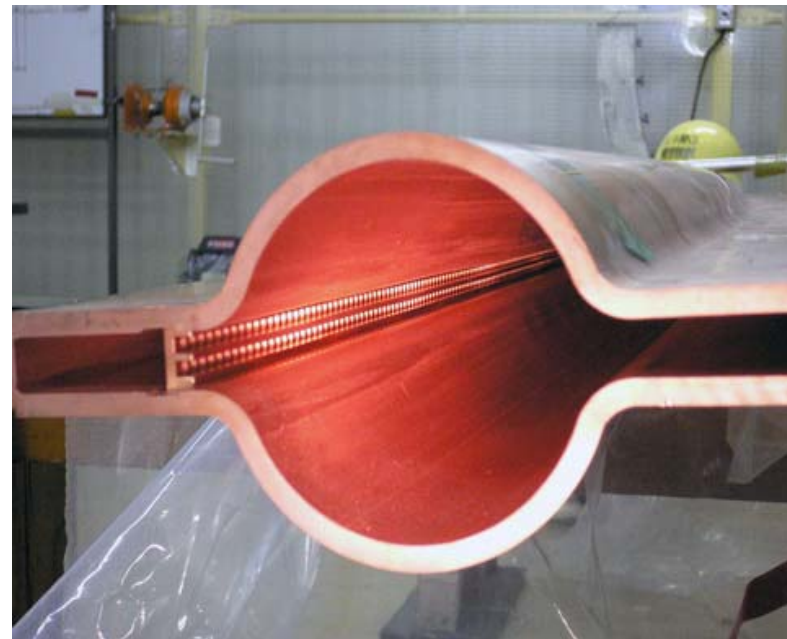
Beam pipe with antechamber

- Duct for a bending magnet with a curvature of 16 m using a cold drawn pipe.

Bent duct for LER (ϕ 90 mm)



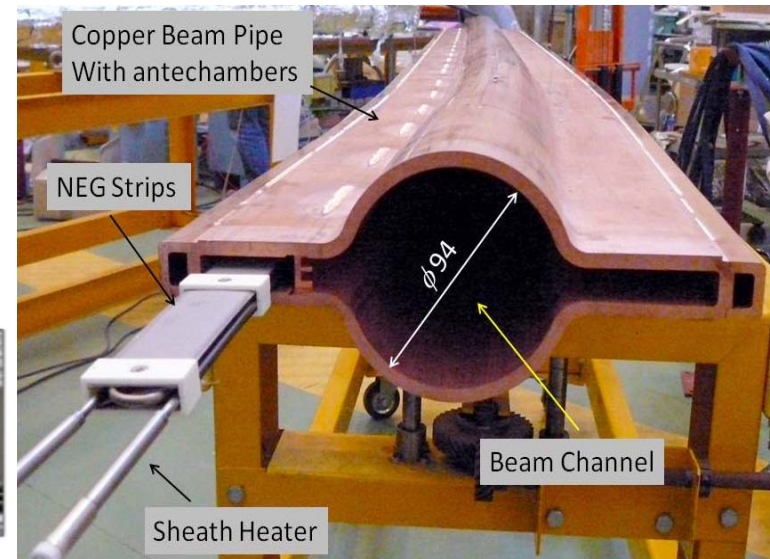
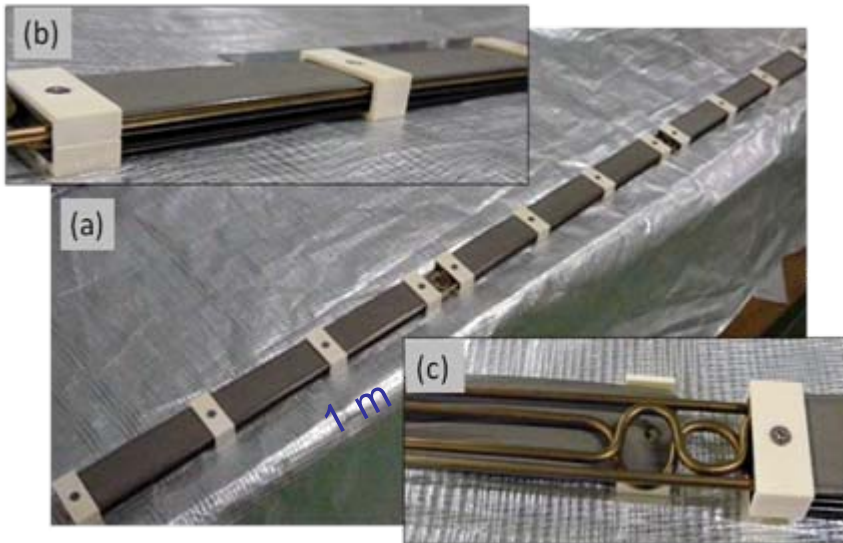
Slit for pump channel



Beam pipe with antechamber

- Pump system installed in antechamber.

Multilayer NEG strips for test (three layers)

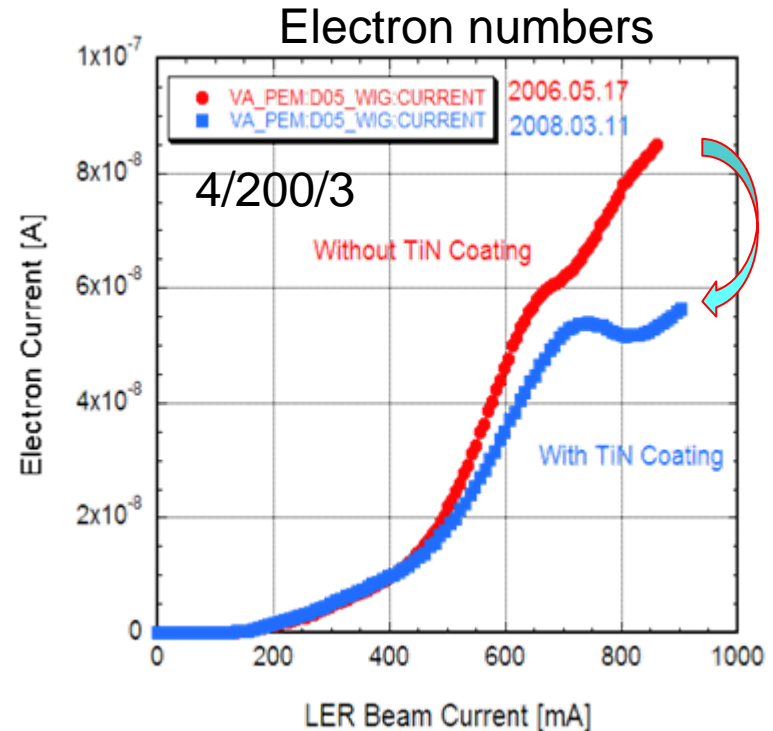
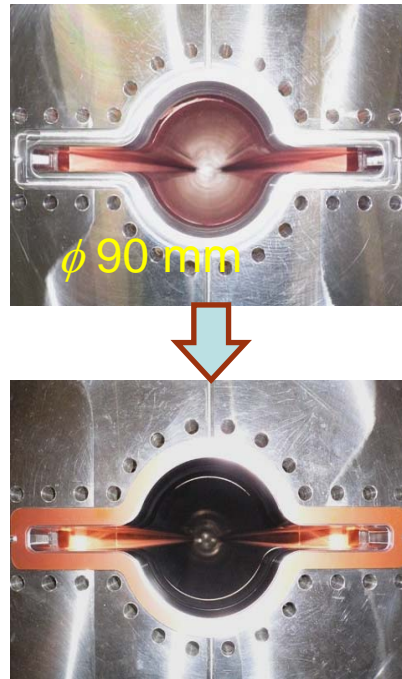


Prot-type:
ST-707 strip
Three layers
Indirect heating

Y. Suetsugu, et. al.

Beam pipe with antechamber

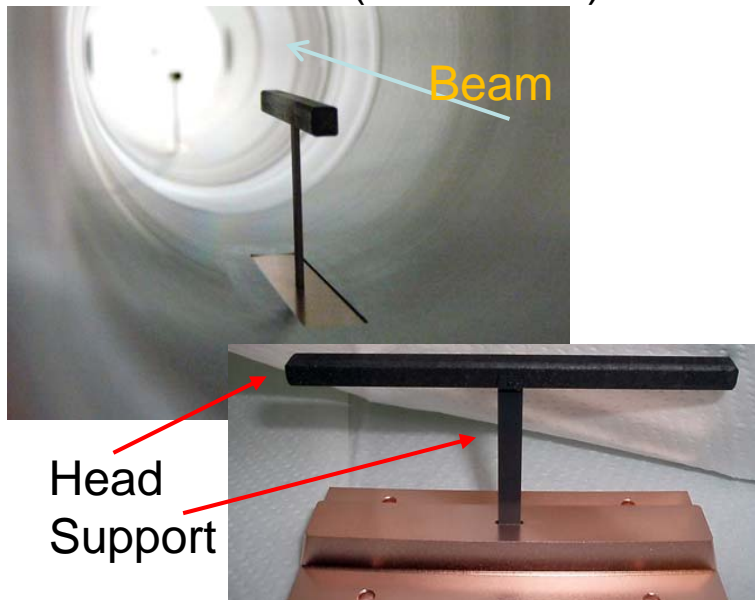
- TiN coating to cure ECI (electron cloud instability)
 - Decrease SEY: Max. SEY ~ 0.8
 - Coating system available for ~ 4 m pipe was set up in Oho area.
 - Electron density was decreased at high beam currents.



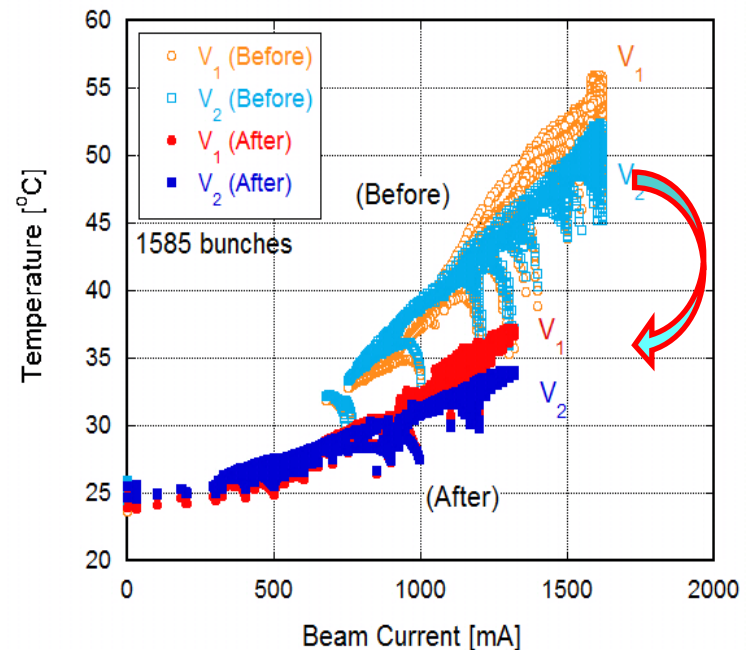
Movable Mask Ver.6

- Installed in KEKB LER
 - Worked at lower beam currents.
 - Lower temperature at bellows and HOM dampers.
 - Damaged at higher currents.

Head of Ver.6 (trial model)

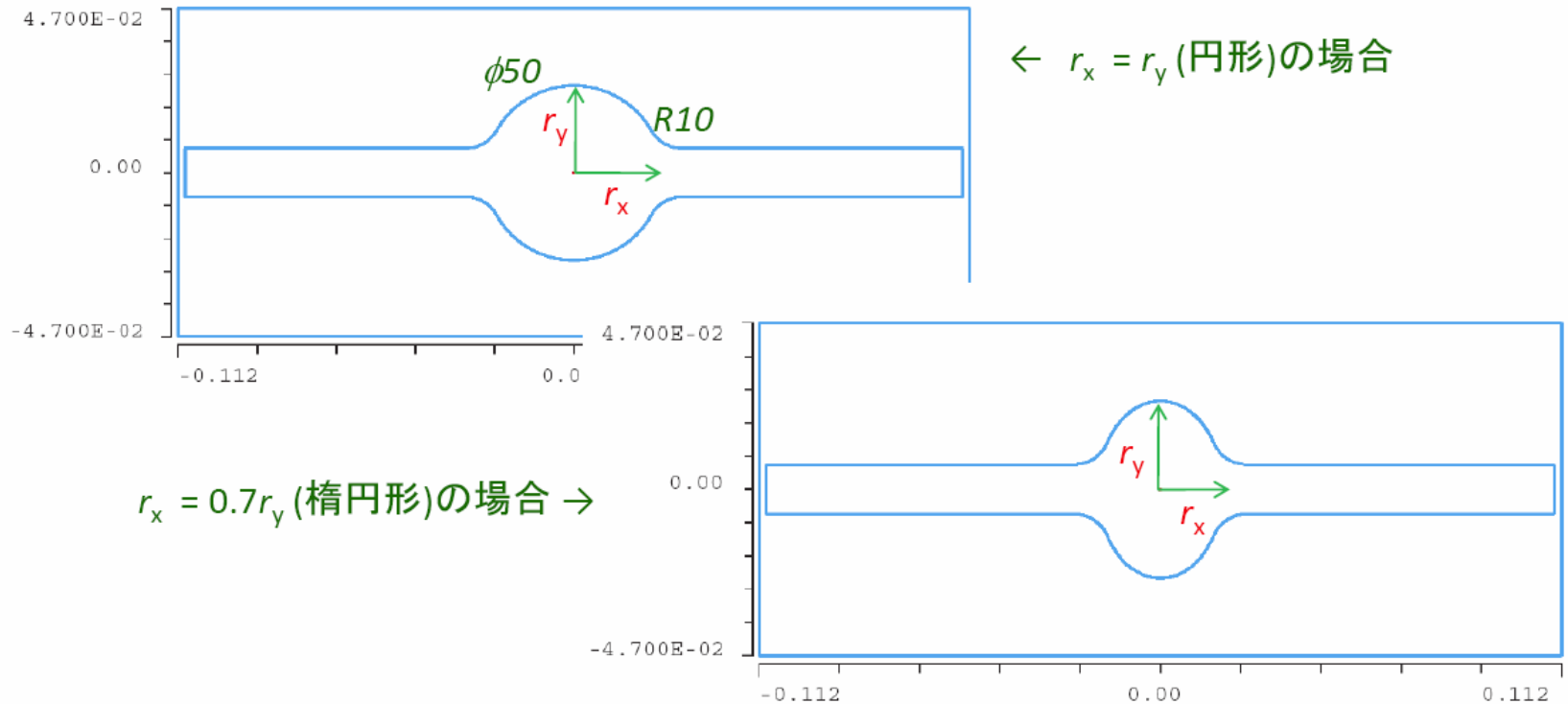


Temperature of bellows near masks



Optimization of cross-section shape of vacuum chamber

- Estimation by MAFIA 2D
- Calculate quadrupole component dE_q/dr , changing the ellipticity $r_x/r_y = 0.7 \sim 1.0$

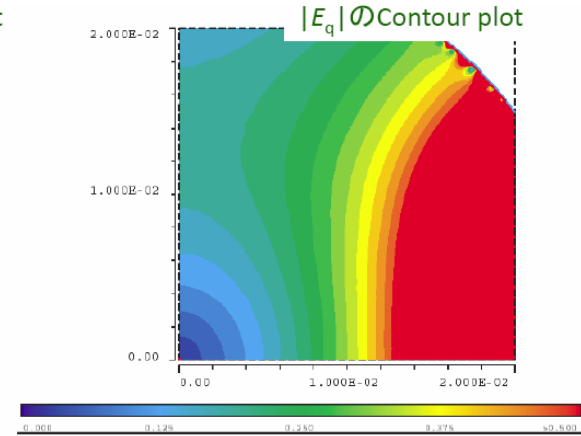
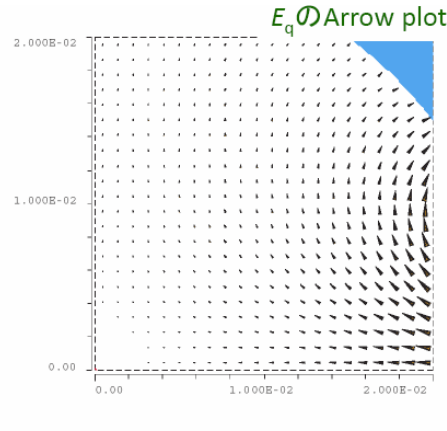


Optimization of cross-section shape of vacuum chamber

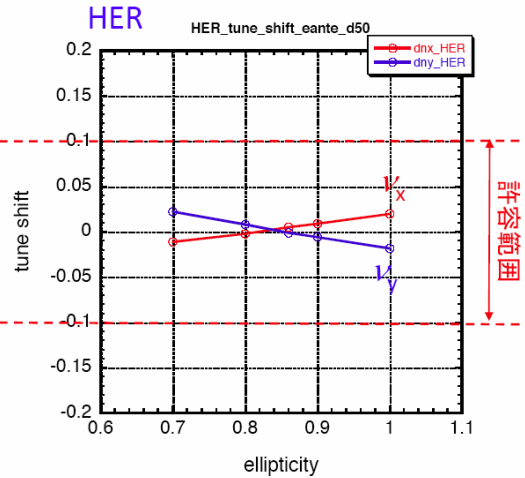
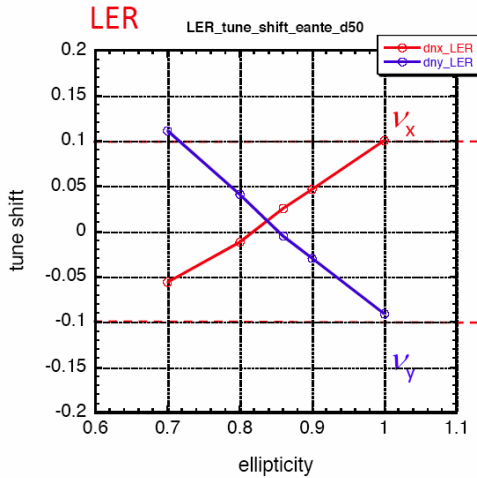
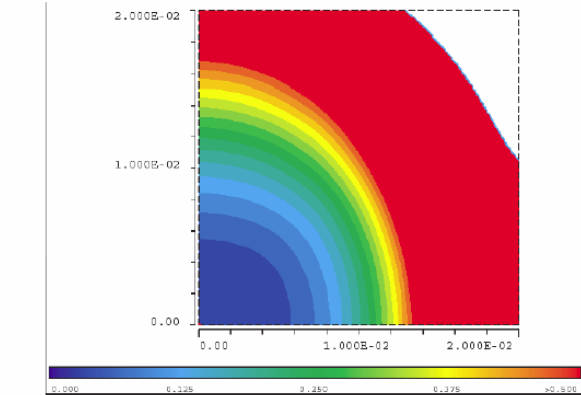
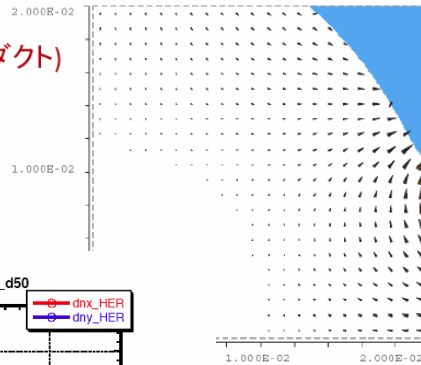
• E_q 比較

$\alpha = 1$ (円形ダクト)

- Tune shift can be adjusted < 0.1 in case of diameter of 50 mm.



$\alpha = 0.85$ (楕円形ダクト)



acceptable range

許容範囲

Crab cavity

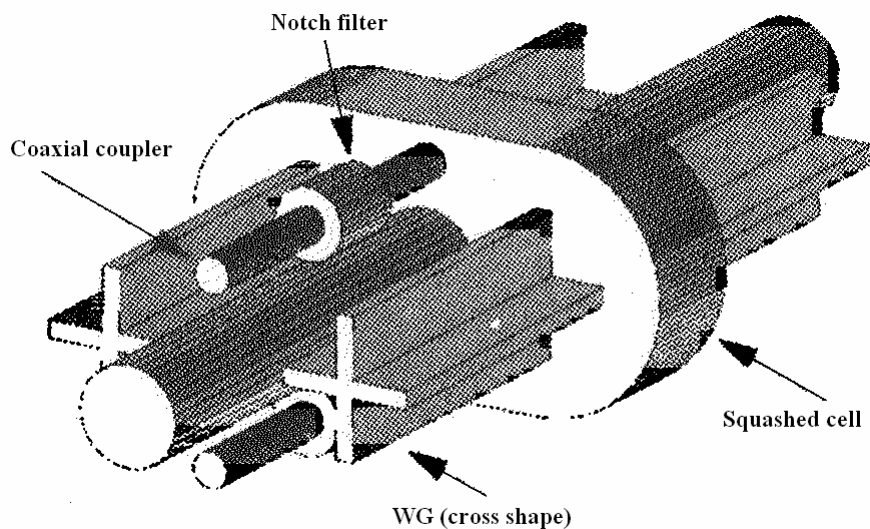
- Present type of cavity is usable in HER (4.1A) with modification
 - 2 or more cavities are necessary.
 - New HOM damper system (ferrite + SiC) is necessary against 71 kW
 - HOM power ~400 kW in LER
- New type cavity is necessary for LER to reduce both HOM power and impedance.
- New cavity
 - Coaxial coupler / Wave guide,
 - Super (LER 1, HER 2 cavities)/Normal
 - 1 GHz option

Crab cavity

PAC2005

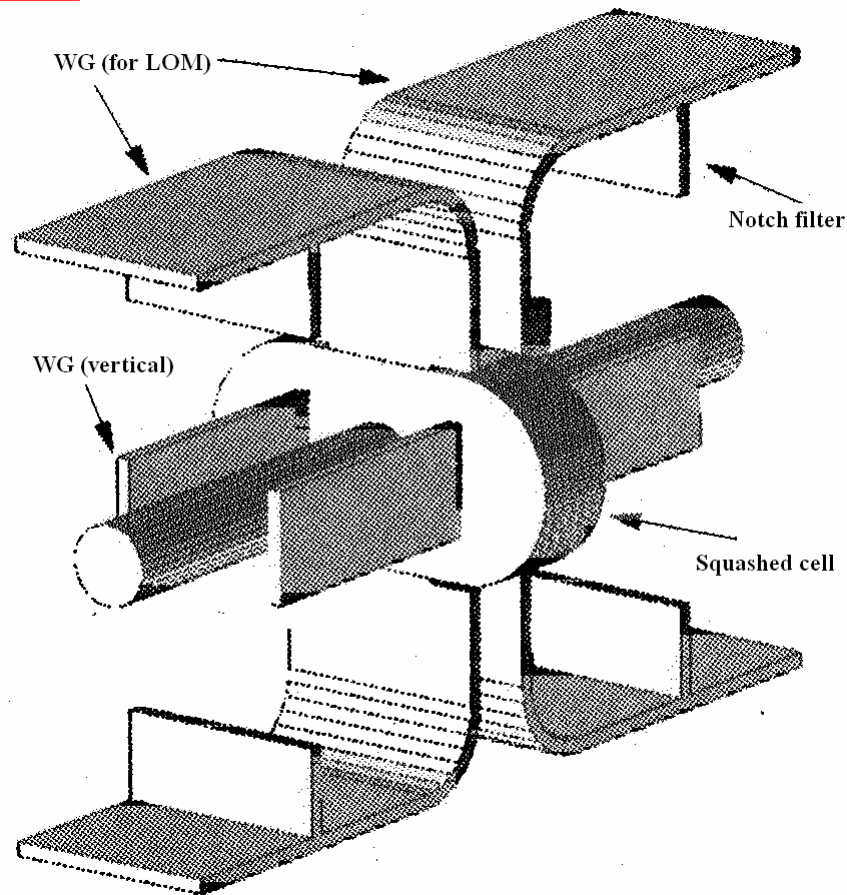
目的: 十分なMode dampingとHOM powerの軽減を得る

Coaxial type



LOM damping: Coaxial coupler

Wave guide type

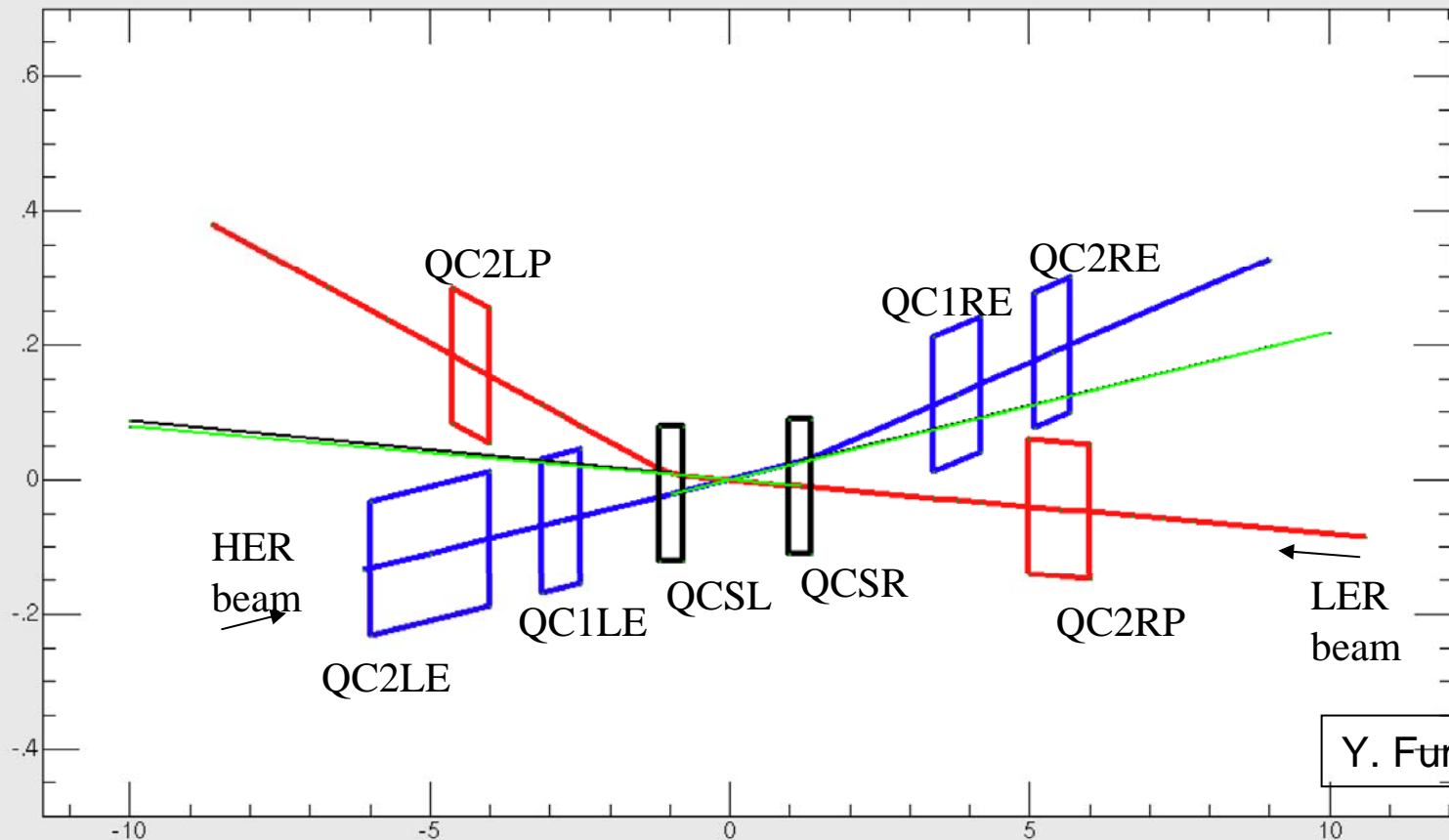


LOM damping: Wave guide

Y. Morita, K. Akai

Interaction Region

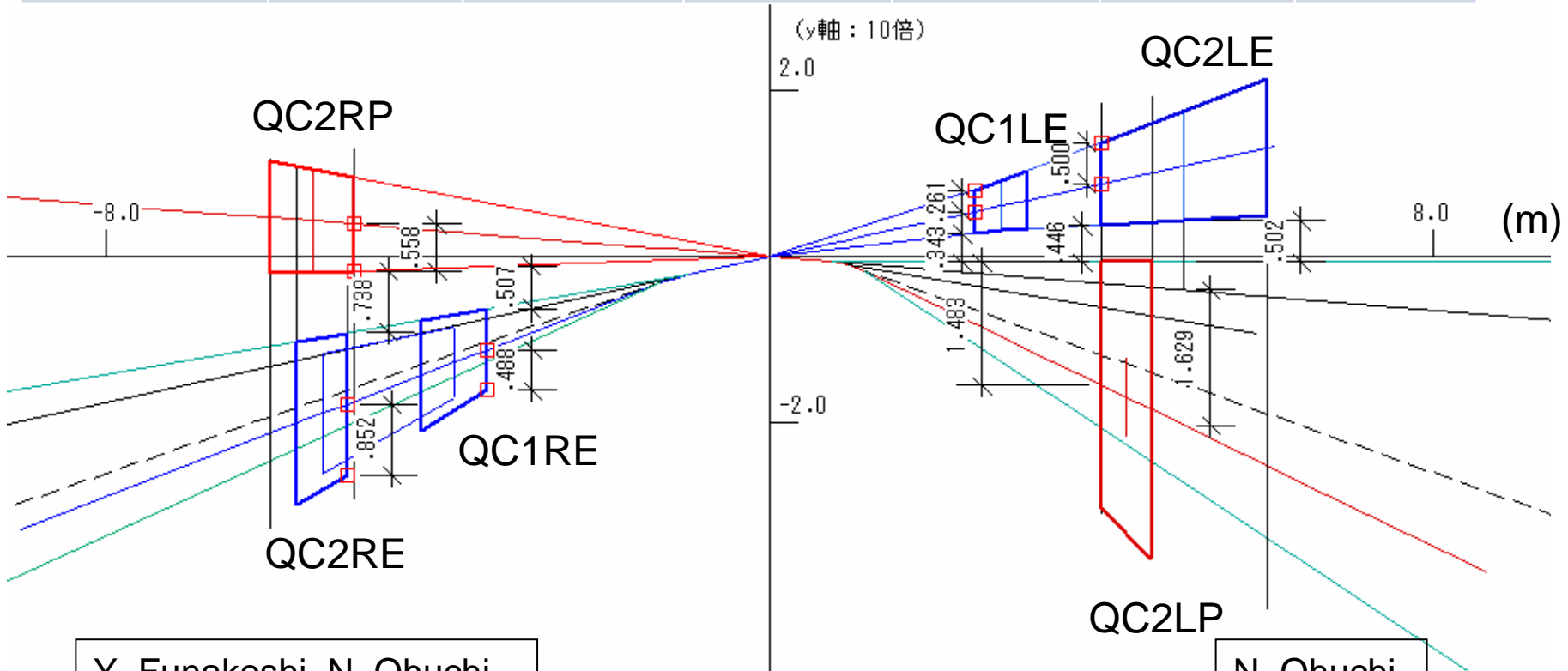
- Physical aperture is very tight at IR quadrupoles.
- New layout : Moved QC2LE & QC2RP closer to IP
- Larger β_x^* (20 \rightarrow 40 cm), higher v_x (.503 \rightarrow .505)



Interaction Region

	QC1LE	QC2LE	QC1RE	QC2RE	QC2LP	QC2RP
$\beta_x^*=20\text{cm}$ QC2RE:元	8.2 (41)	26.9 (134.5)	11.6 (58)	28.8 (144)	14.7 (73.5)	18.6 (93)
$\beta_x^*=20\text{cm}$ QC2RE->IP	8.4 (42)	19.0 (95)	12.0 (60)	20.7 (103.5)		
$\beta_x^*=40\text{cm}$ QC2RE->IP	5.9 (29.5)	13.4 (67)	8.5 (42.5)	14.6 (73)	9.8 (49)	12.3 (61.5)

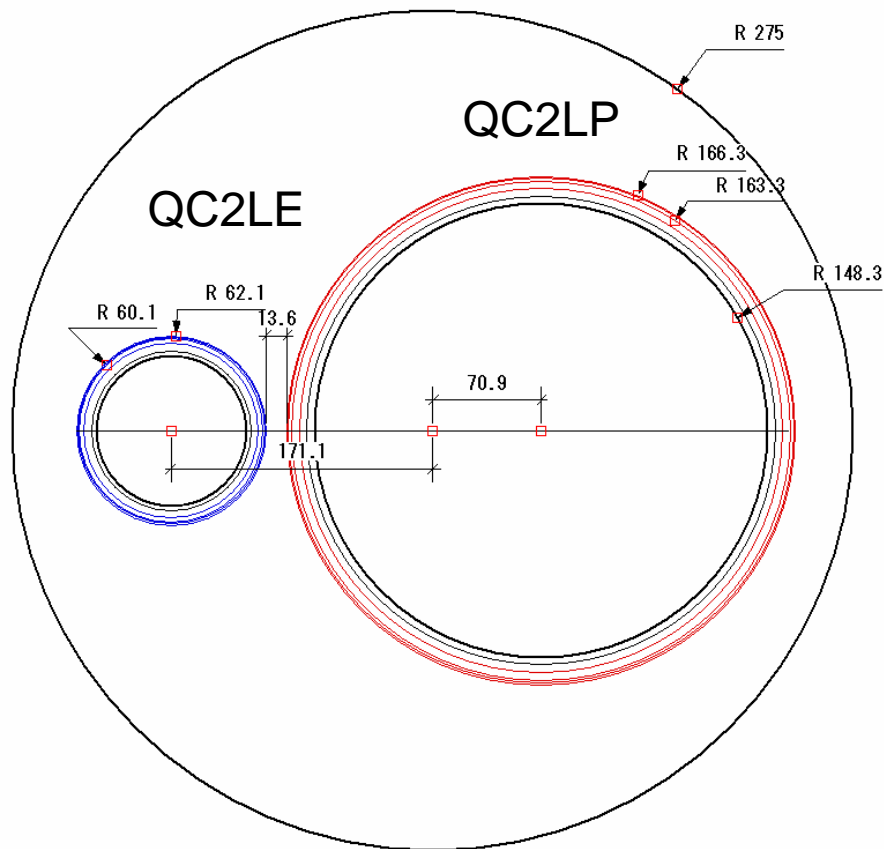
$v_x = .505$
(): $5 \sigma_x$



Y. Funakoshi, N. Ohuchi

N. Ohuchi

QC2LE & QC2LP (super)



QC2LE

1. 平均磁場勾配=3.4 T/m
2. 実効磁場長=2.0 m
3. ビームパイプボア内半径=49.1 mm (T=80K)
4. クライオスタットボア内半径=57.1 mm
5. コイル形状(円錐台形)
 - 超伝導ワイヤー1層コイル
 - コイル内半径=60.1 mm(IP側)
 - コイル内半径=77.75 mm(中心部)
 - ターン数=31
6. 鉄ヨーク外半径=275 mm
7. IP側必要磁場勾配(概算)

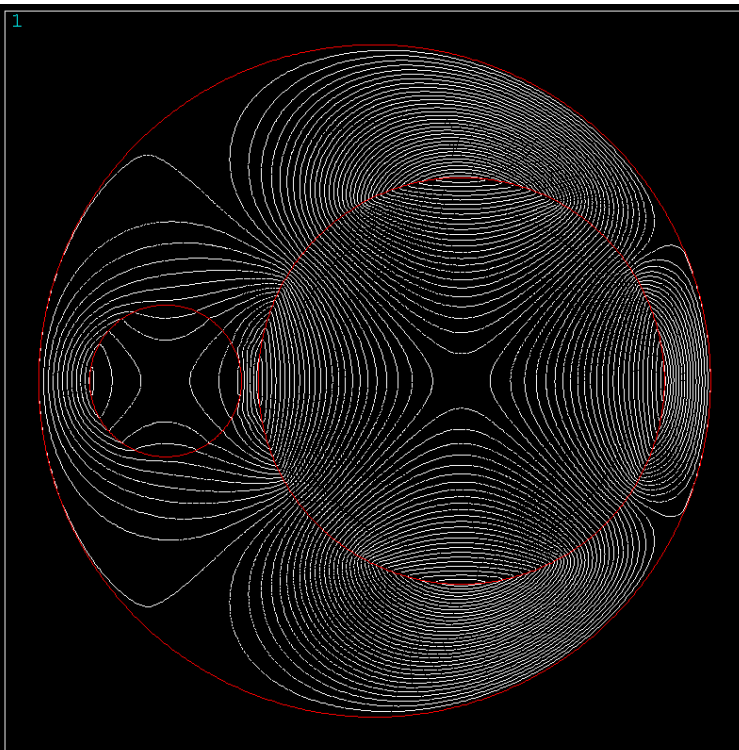
$$G_{IP} = 3.4 \times (77.75/60.1)^2 = 5.69 \text{ T/m}$$

QC2LP

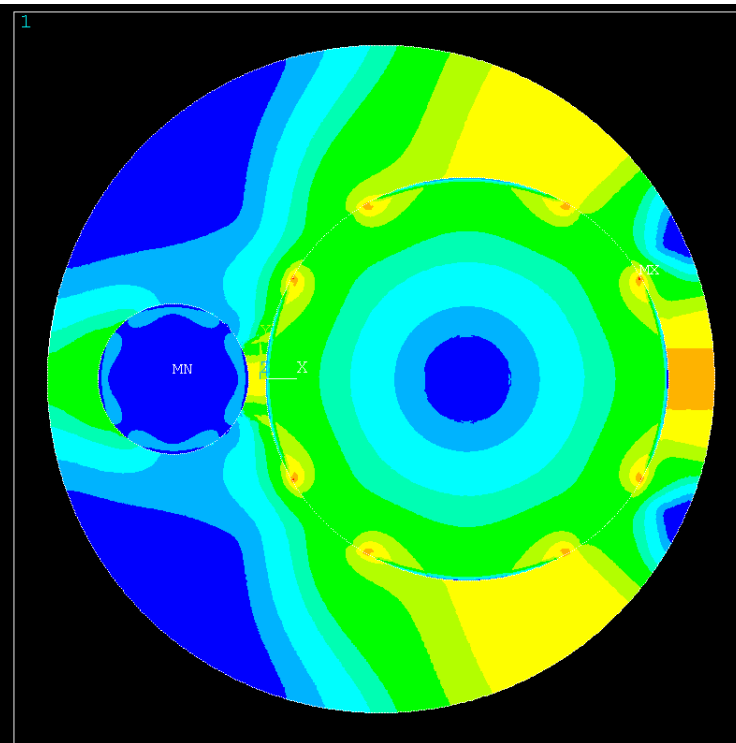
1. 平均磁場勾配=6.7 T/m
2. 実効磁場長=0.6 m
3. ビームパイプボア内半径=148.3 mm (T=80K)
4. クライオスタットボア内半径=158.3 mm
5. コイル形状(円錐台形)
 - 超伝導ワイヤー2層コイル
 - コイル内半径=163.3 mm(IP側)
 - コイル内半径=178.15 mm(中心部)
 - ターン数=86 × 2
6. IP側必要磁場勾配(概算)

$$G_{IP} = 6.7 \times (178.15/163.3)^2 = 7.97 \text{ T/m}$$

QC2LE & QC2LP Magnetic Field



```
ANSYS 11.0
MAY 11 2008
12:10:34
NODAL SOLUTION
STEP=1
SUB =1
TIME=1
AZ
RSYS=0
SMN =-.146787
SMX =.072481
-.144595
-.135824
-.127053
-.113897
-.105126
-.096356
-.083199
-.074429
-.065658
-.052502
-.043731
-.03496
-.021804
-.013034
-.004263
.008893
.017664
.026435
.039591
.048362
.057132
.070288
```



```
ANSYS 11.0
MAY 11 2008
12:09:21
NODAL SOLUTION
STEP=1
SUB =1
TIME=1
BSUM (AVG)
RSYS=0
PowerGraphics
EFACET=1
AVRES=Mat
SMN =.432E-03
SMX =2.058
0
.1
.2
.3
.4
.5
.6
.7
.8
.9
1.3
1.4
1.5
1.6
1.7
1.8
1.9
2
2.1
```

QC2LE

- 超伝導ワイヤー電流値=272.7 A
- 磁場勾配=5.68 T/m
- 超伝導ワイヤー部電流密度 = 520.2 A/mm²
Cu/NbTi=1.4の場合のNbTi部の電流密度=1248.4 A/mm²
- コイル部最大磁場=0.5 T

QC2LEとQC2LP間の磁場=1.8T
QC2LPからQC2LEへの磁場の侵入が大きい

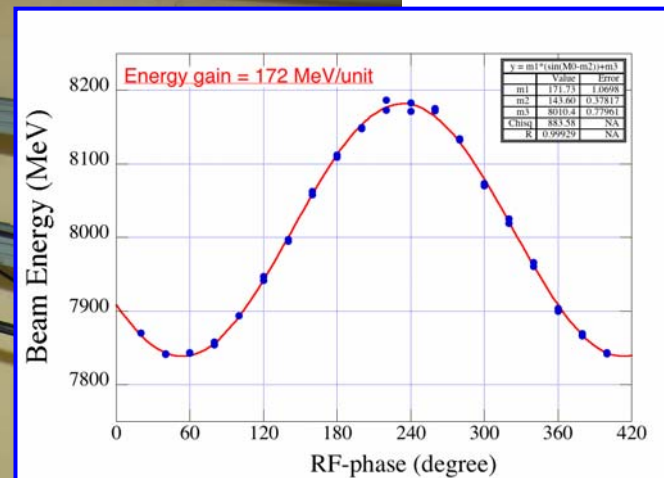
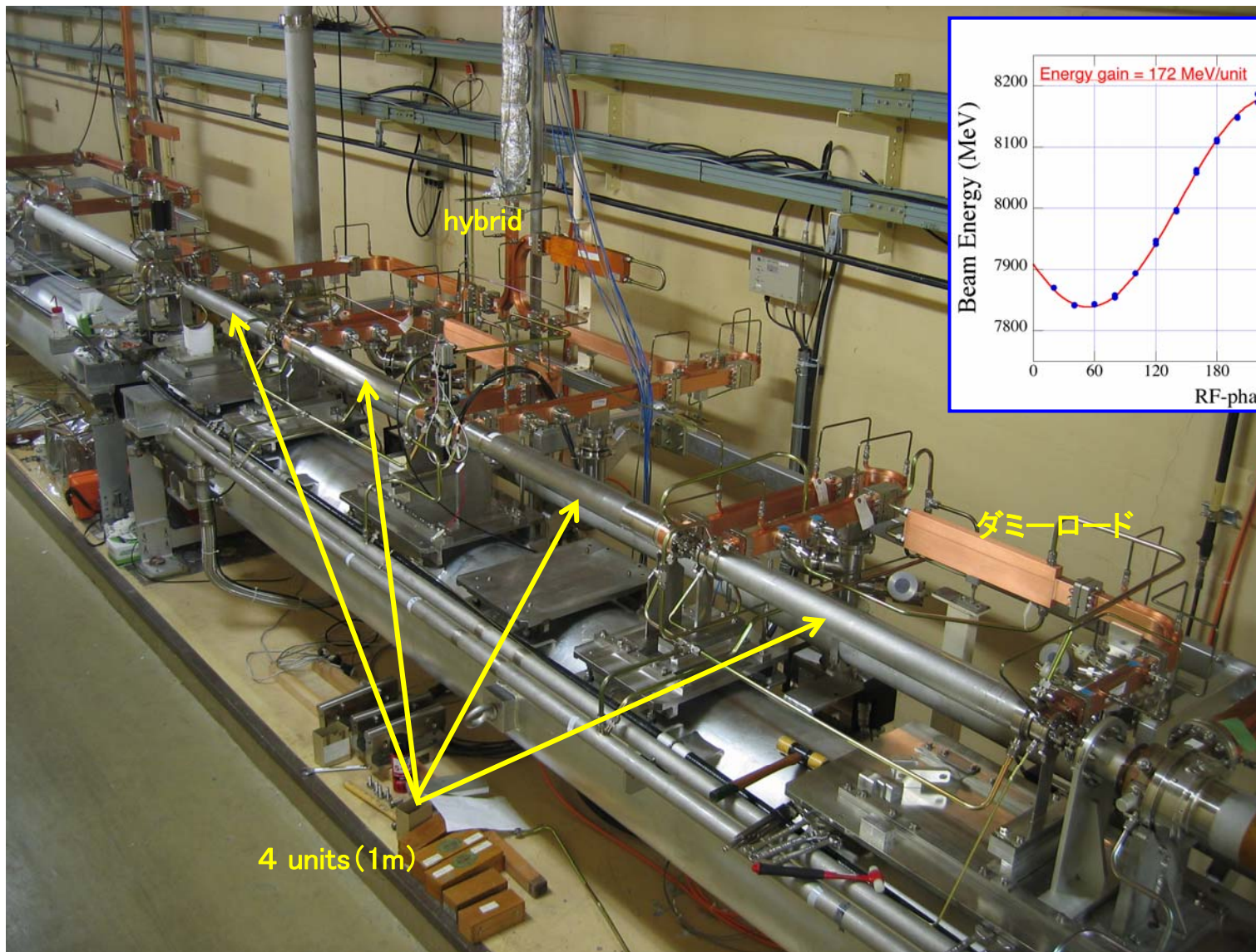
QC2LP

- 超伝導ワイヤー電流値=505.0 A
- 磁場勾配=7.96 T/m
- 超伝導ワイヤー部電流密度 = 963.3 A/mm²
Cu/NbTi=1.4の場合のNbTi部の電流密度=2311.9 A/mm²
- コイル部最大磁場=2.058 T



鉄の量が少ない
前方に光マスク必要(QC2LPの内径を小さくする)

Linac C-band unit

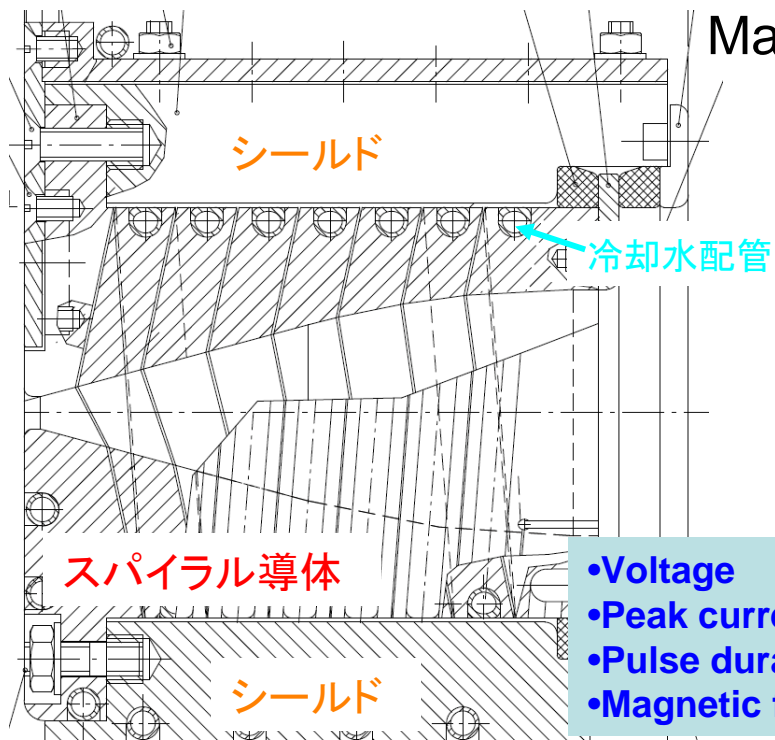


T. Kamitani

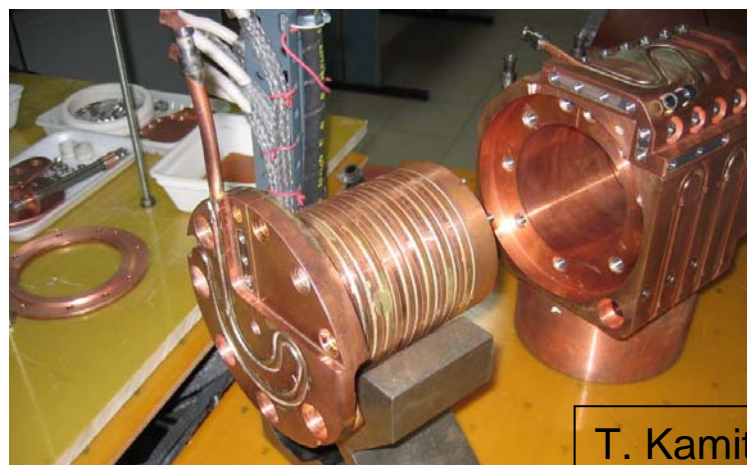
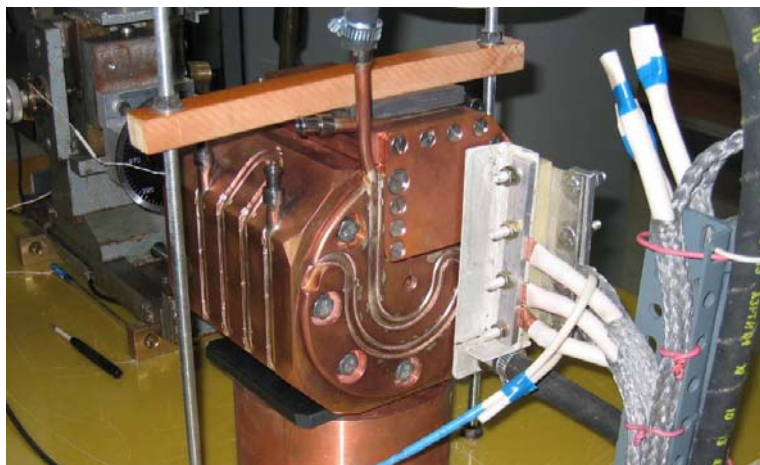
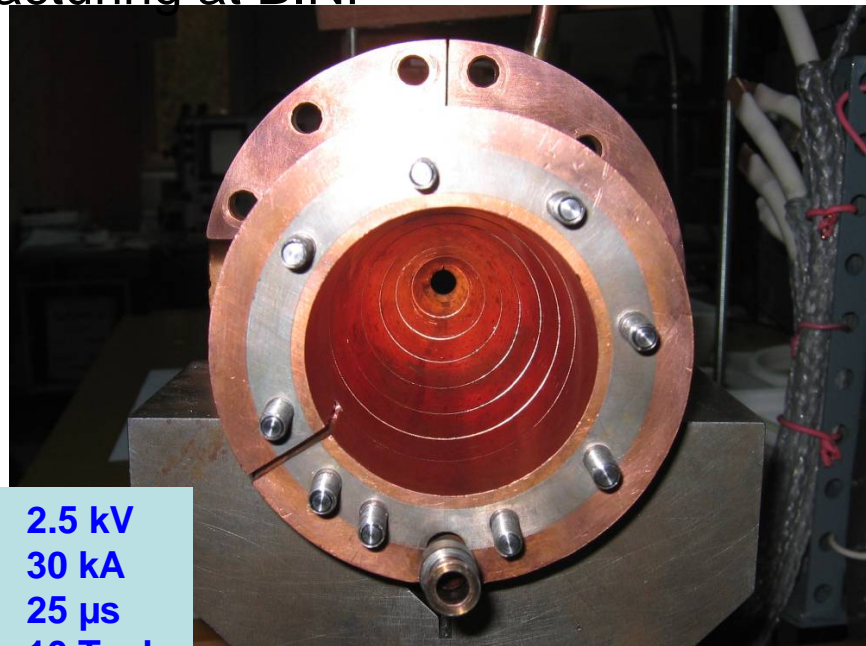
average accelerating field = 45 MV/m @ klystron output power = 53 MW

e+ Flux Concentrator Prototype

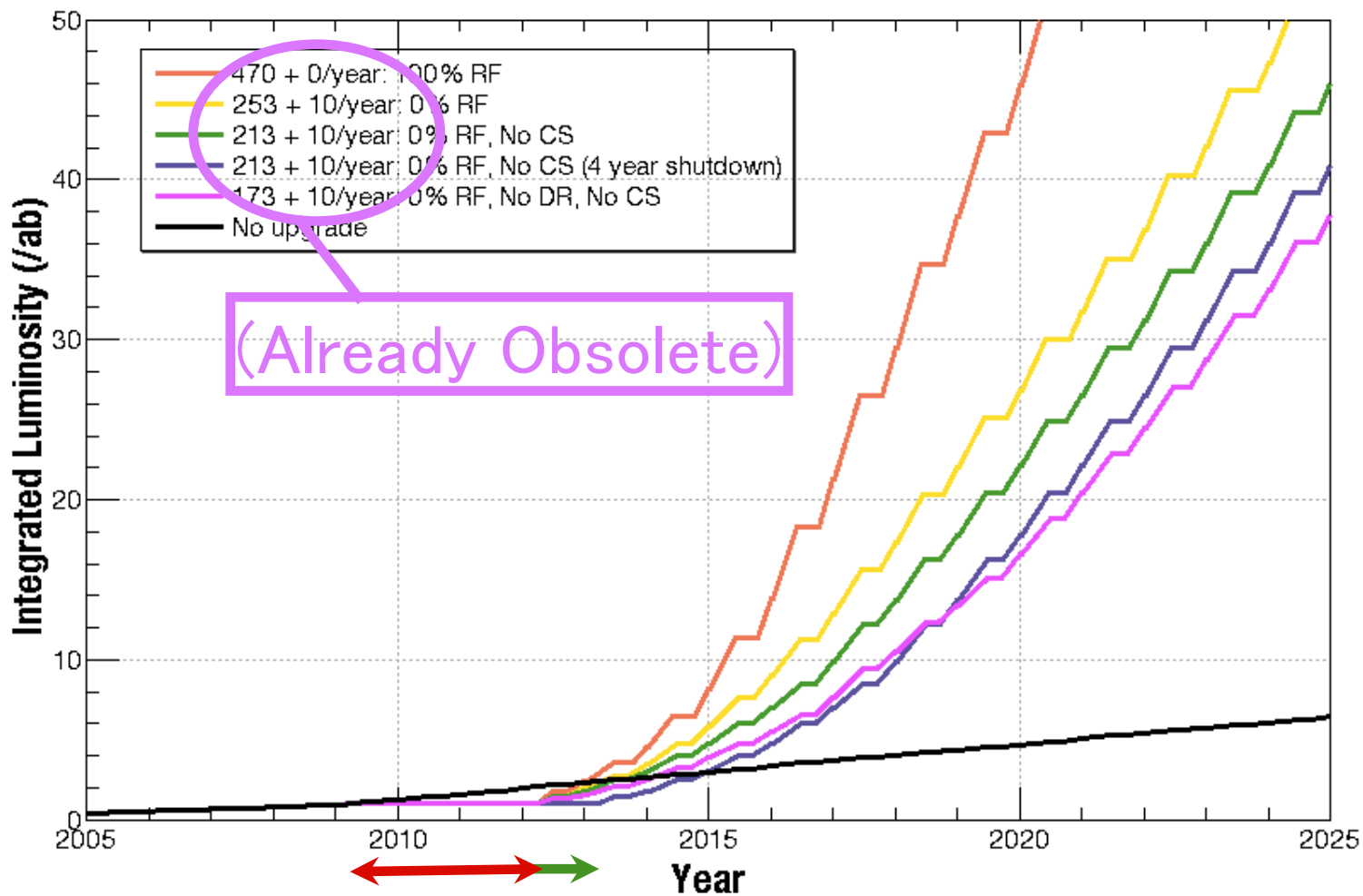
Manufacturing at BINP



- Voltage 2.5 kV
- Peak current 30 kA
- Pulse duration 25 μ s
- Magnetic field 10 Tesla



T. Kamitani



KEKB Upgrade Meeting

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Jul. 16	Issues

Subgroup meeting

- Collective effects and impedance
- IR
- Magnet & lattice