

# Aerogel RICH: Overview & Issues

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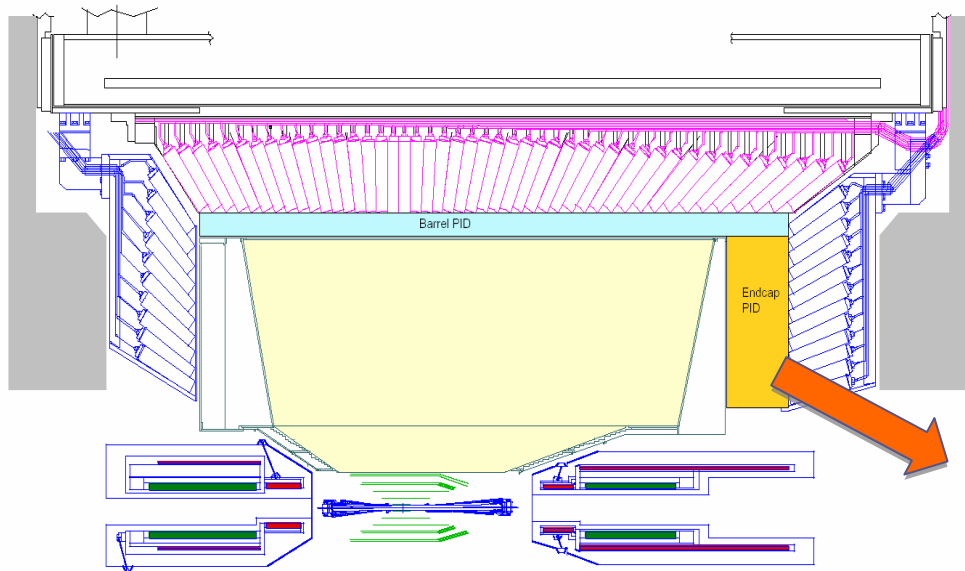
KEK

Proto-Collaboration Meeting

2008.07.04

# Introduction

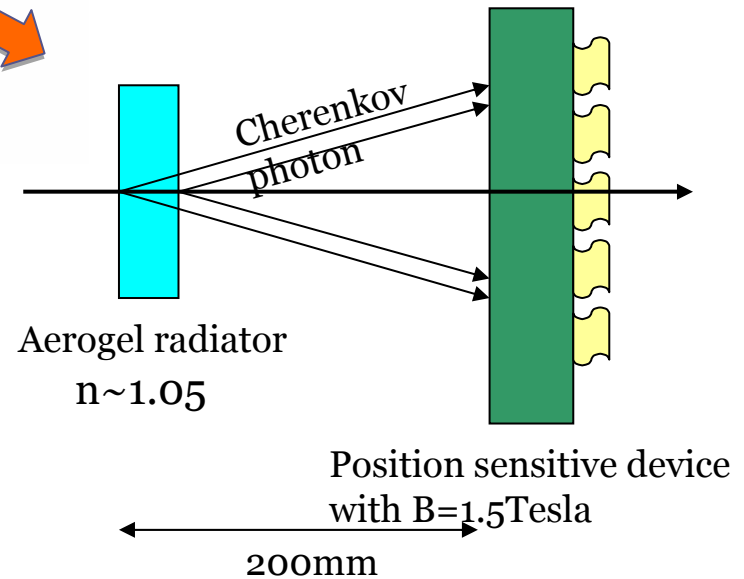
- Proximity focusing RICH



Present endcap ACC replaced into new PID device to expand  $\pi/K$  separation from 1.5 GeV/c to 4.0 GeV/c

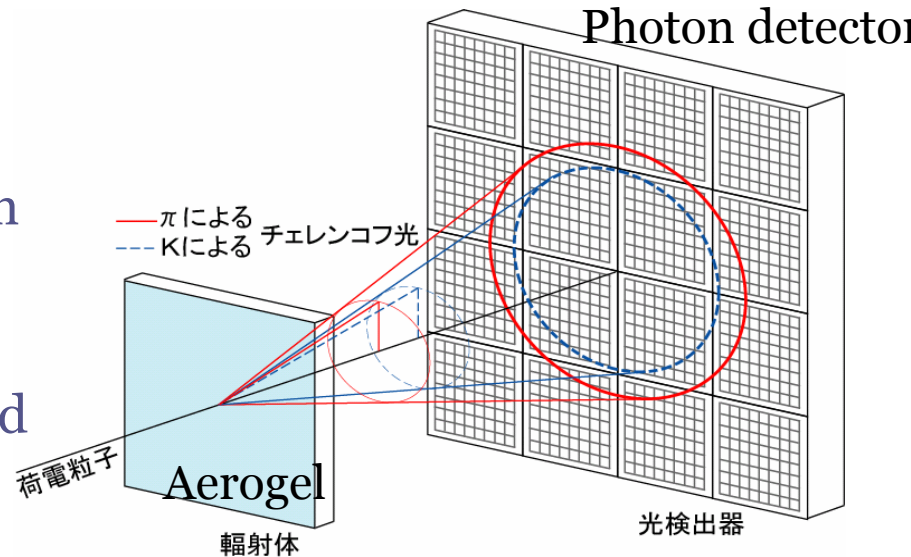
Proximity focusing type due to a limited available space ( $\sim 280$  mm total thickness)

Inside an axial magnetic field



# Detector Elements

- Aerogel radiator
  - Transparent
  - Stable for long-term operation
- Photon detector
  - Sensitive to a single photon
  - Operational under 1.5 T B field
- Readout electronics
  - O(0.1) M readout channels
  - Low noise
- Mechanical structure
  - Should be fit into the present Belle layout



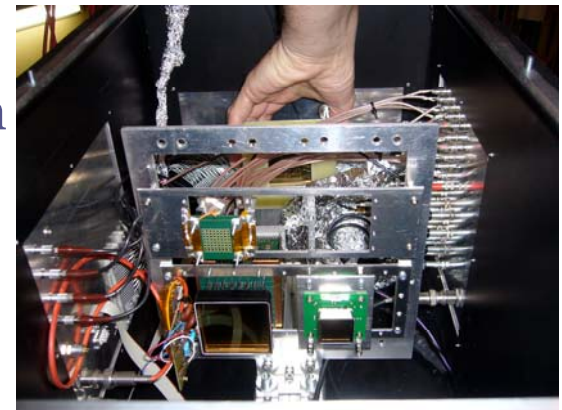
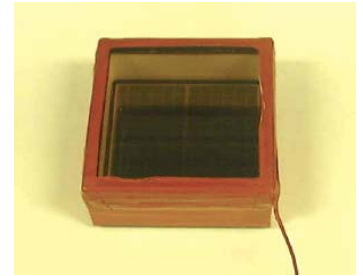
- $n = 1.05$
- $\theta_c(\pi) \sim 308 \text{ mrad} @ 4 \text{ GeV}/c$
- $\theta_c(\pi) - \theta_c(K) \sim 23 \text{ mrad}$
- pion threshold  $0.44 \text{ GeV}/c$
- kaon threshold  $1.54 \text{ GeV}/c$

$\sigma(\text{single photon}) = 14 \text{ mrad}$   
with 6 photoelectrons

$\rightarrow 4 \sigma \pi/K$  separation

# Photon detector options

- Three candidates
  - Hybrid avalanche photon detector (HAPD)
    - Developed with HPK
    - ASIC readout tested concurrently
  - Micro Channel Plate (MCP)-PMT
    - Burle sample with 25 pore size tested
    - Advantage with excellent timing resolution
  - Geiger-mode APD: MPPC (SiPM)
    - High PDE
    - No HV required



All three technologies tested in beam and clear Cherenkov images observed

Detailed reports will be presented

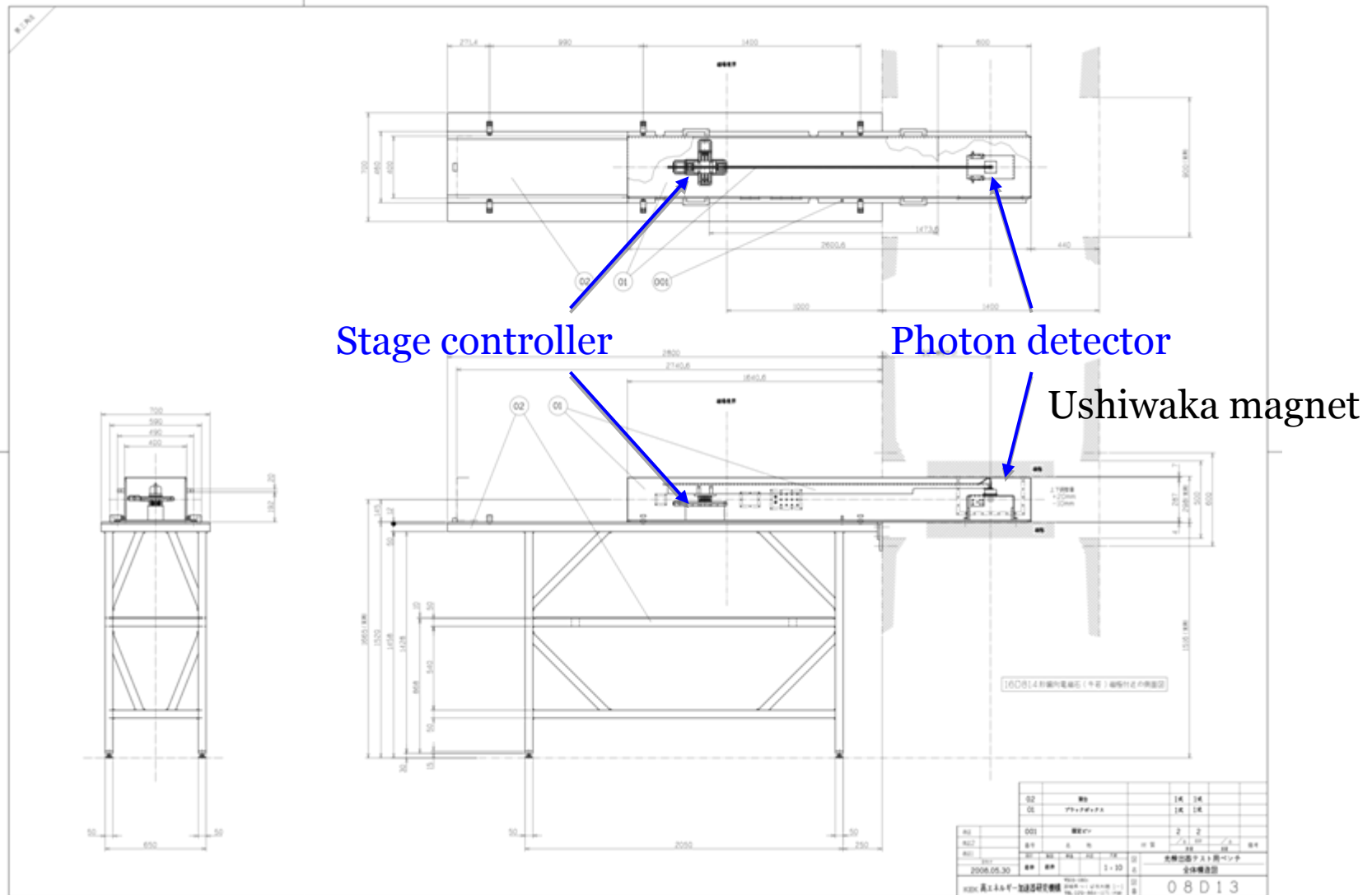
# Photon detector summary

	<b>Hybrid Avalanche Photon Detector</b>	<b>MCP-PMT</b>	<b>Geiger mode APD</b>
Advantage	Good S/N	Excellent timing resolution	Stable No HV required
Issues & Remarks	Further understanding Long-term stability	Small pore size Lifetime	Noise rate Radiation damage

- Performance test under a magnetic field is necessary.
- Scheduled from this summer

# Test set-up in a magnetic field

- XY dimensional scan will be performed



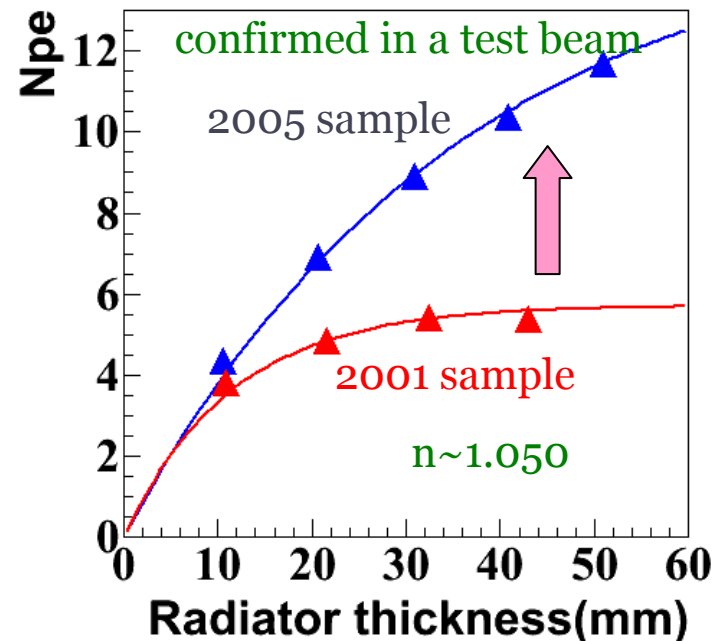
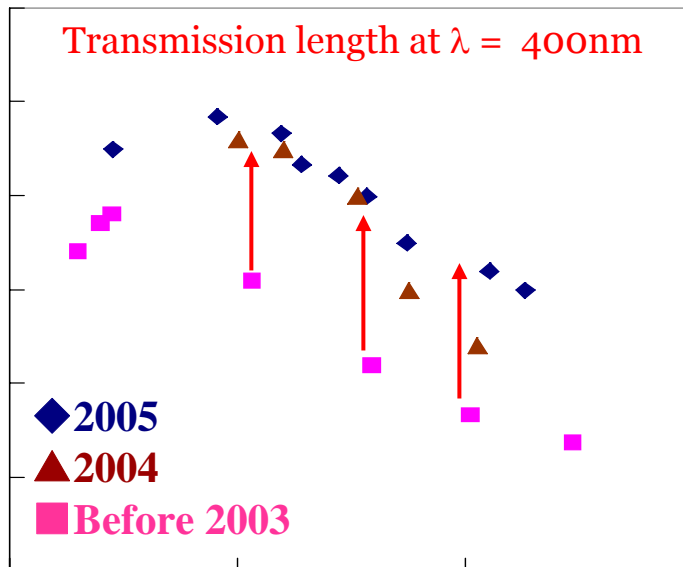
# Aerogel Radiator Improvements

- Transparency for index  $\sim 1.04$ - $1.06$  samples almost doubled
- Crack-free sample for  $150 \times 150 \times 20 \text{mm}^3$ 
  - Collaboration with Matsushita

Transmission:  $T = T_0 \exp(-d/\Lambda(\lambda))$

$\Lambda(\lambda)$ : transmission length

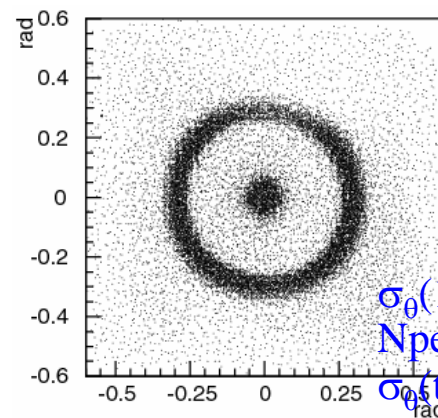
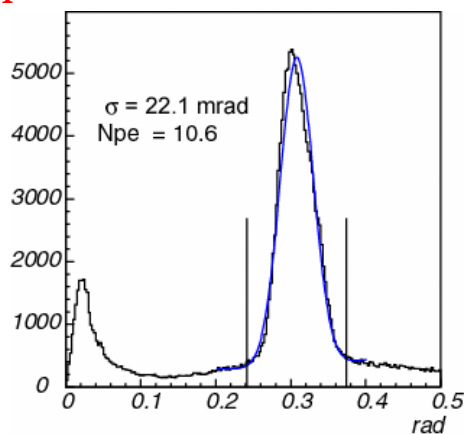
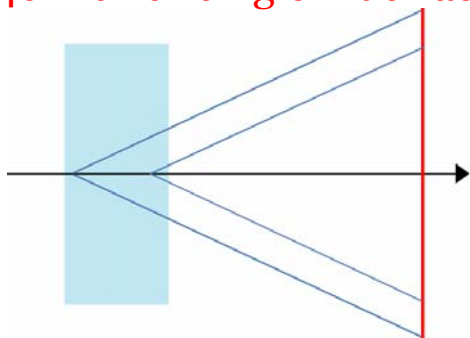
$d$ : sample thickness



# Aerogel radiator configuration

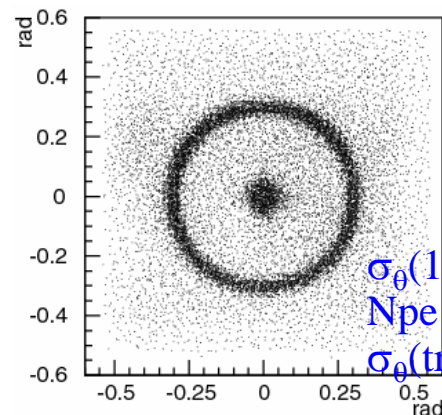
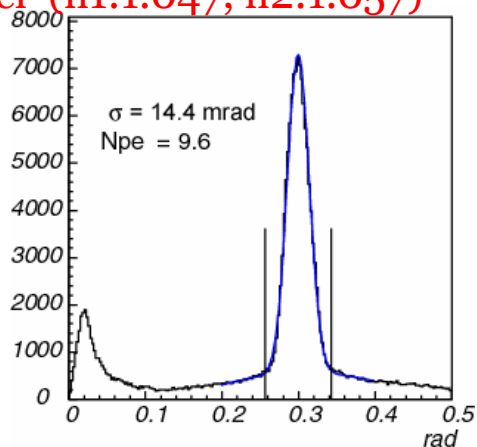
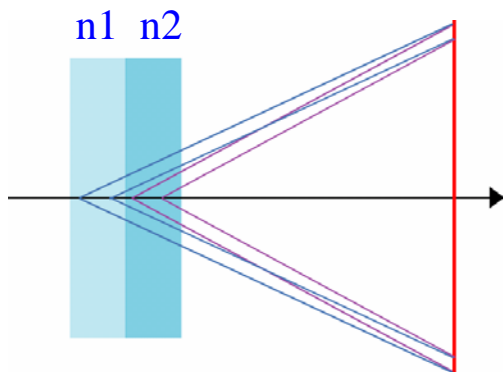
Cherenkov photons are “focused” onto the photon detector plan.  
New idea has been validated in test beam (3.0GeV/c  $\pi$  beam)

4cm-thick single index aerogel



$\sigma_{\theta}(\text{1 p.e.}) = 22 \text{ mrad}$   
 $N_{\text{pe}} \sim 10.6$   
 $\sigma_{\theta}(\text{track}) = 6.9 \text{ mrad}$

Focusing by 2cm+2cm aerogel ( $n_1:1.047$ ,  $n_2:1.057$ )



$\sigma_{\theta}(\text{1 p.e.}) = 14.4 \text{ mrad}$   
 $N_{\text{pe}} \sim 9.6$   
 $\sigma_{\theta}(\text{track}) = 4.8 \text{ mrad}$



# Aerogel radiator layout options

	<b>Radiator layout</b>	$\sigma_{\text{single}}$	<b>Npe</b>	$\sigma_{\text{track}}$ $\pi/K \text{ sep.}$	<b>production</b>	<b>arrangement</b>
1	n=1.045 10mmx4layer	22 mrad	10.6	6.9 mrad 3.3 $\sigma$	simple	How to stack?
2	1.047+1.057 10mmx2 + 10mmx2	14.4 mrad	9.6	4.9 mrad 4.8 $\sigma$	possible	Monolithic 2 layer?
3	1.045+1.050+ 1.055 10mmx3	13 mrad	9.0	4.2 mrad 5.5 $\sigma$	possible further control needed	Further trial to monolithic 3 layer? Difficult?

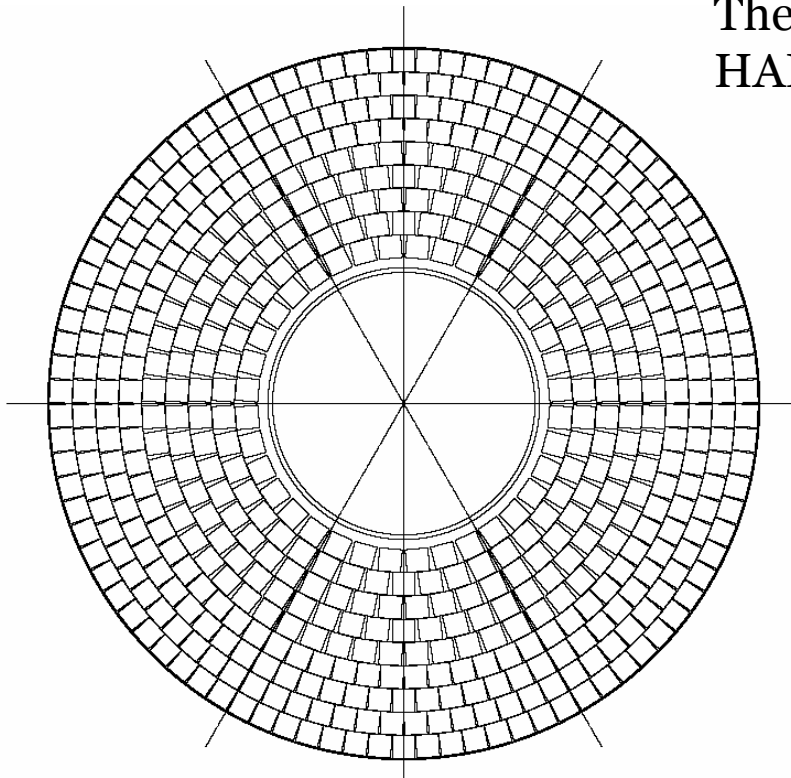


Case3 is the best but case2 would be practical ??

Need further studies of radiator and design of arrangements

# Photon detector arrangement

- Photon detector has square cross-section although we have to cover donuts-shape volume.



The 0-th version of tiling scheme assuming HAPD dimension

- keeping symmetries in the phi direction
- 6 identical sectors for “honeycomb” shape

Optimal ?

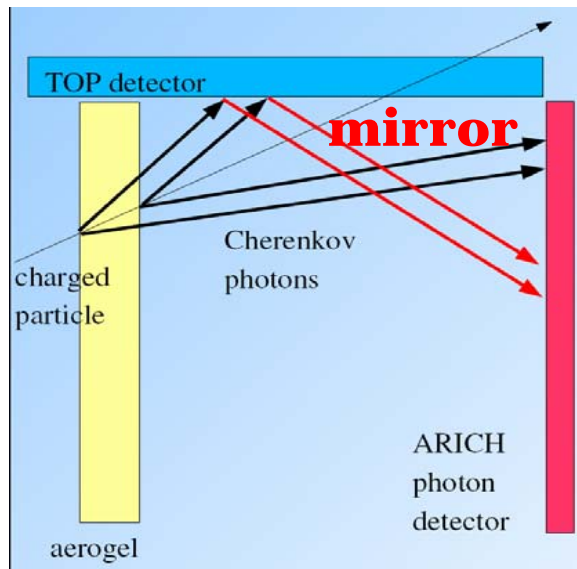
Simple arrangement could give smaller dead space?



Related with how to make a “module”  
(photon device + electronics)

# Mirror accommodation

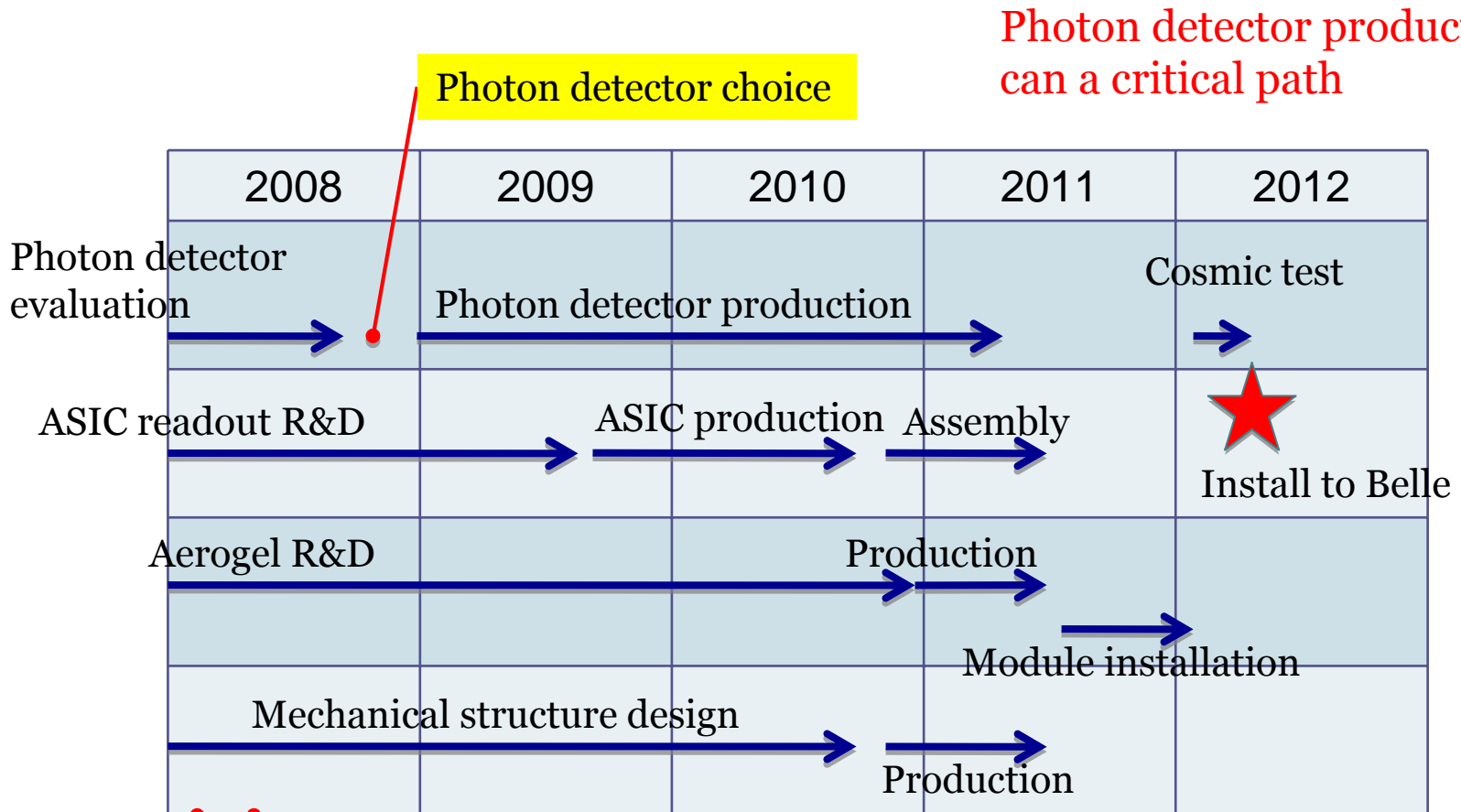
- Junction region between the barrel and the endcap
  - Mirror system recovers efficiency
- To optimize mirror system, one may need detailed simulations
- Serious consideration haven't made if really need



# Issues

- Photon detector
  - Performance under a magnetic field
  - Long-term stability
- Aerogel radiator
  - Performance and practical accommodation have to be considered
  - Further studies required
- Mechanical stuff
  - Photon detector tiling scheme
  - Mirror installation
  - Careful consideration
- Software development
  - Did not mention, but we should have reconstruction programs
  - Try to apply beam test data

# Aerogel RICH Schedule



Photon detector production can a critical path

Photon detector choice

Beam test

March: verification of HAPD operation

June: realistic configuration of HAPD array tests of MPPC array and MCP-PMTs