

# ECL trigger for Super Belle

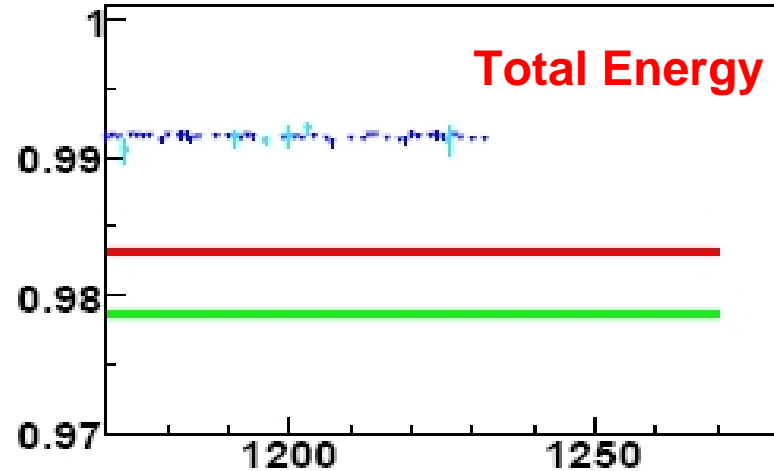
B.G. Cheon (Hanyang U)

Dec.10-12 @ KEK

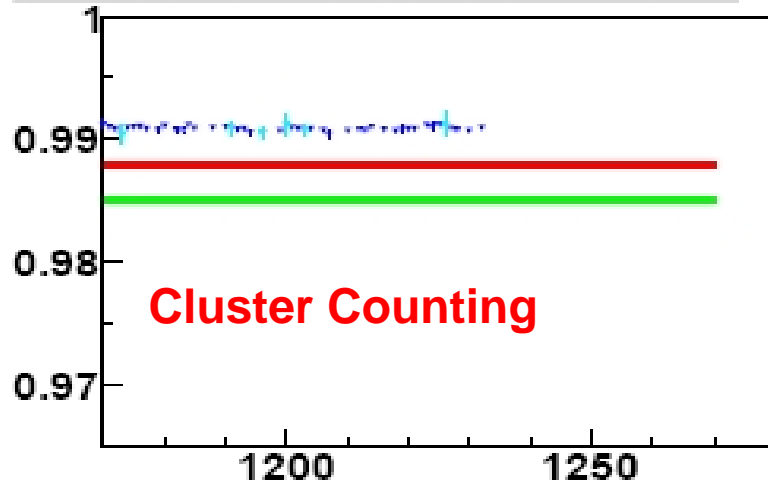
1<sup>st</sup> open meeting of the Super KEKB Collaboration

# Belle ECL physics triggers

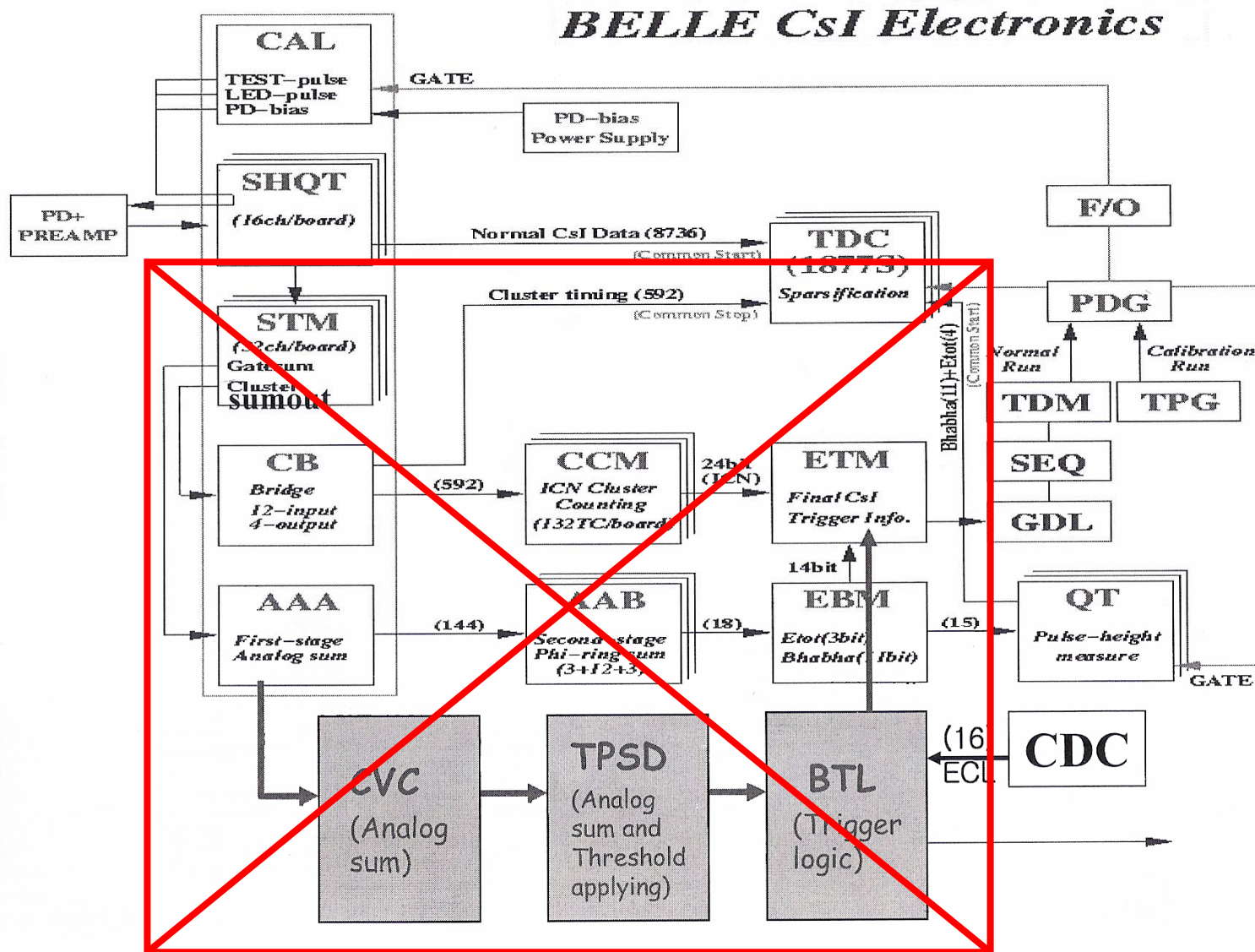
etot hadc: etot m track3



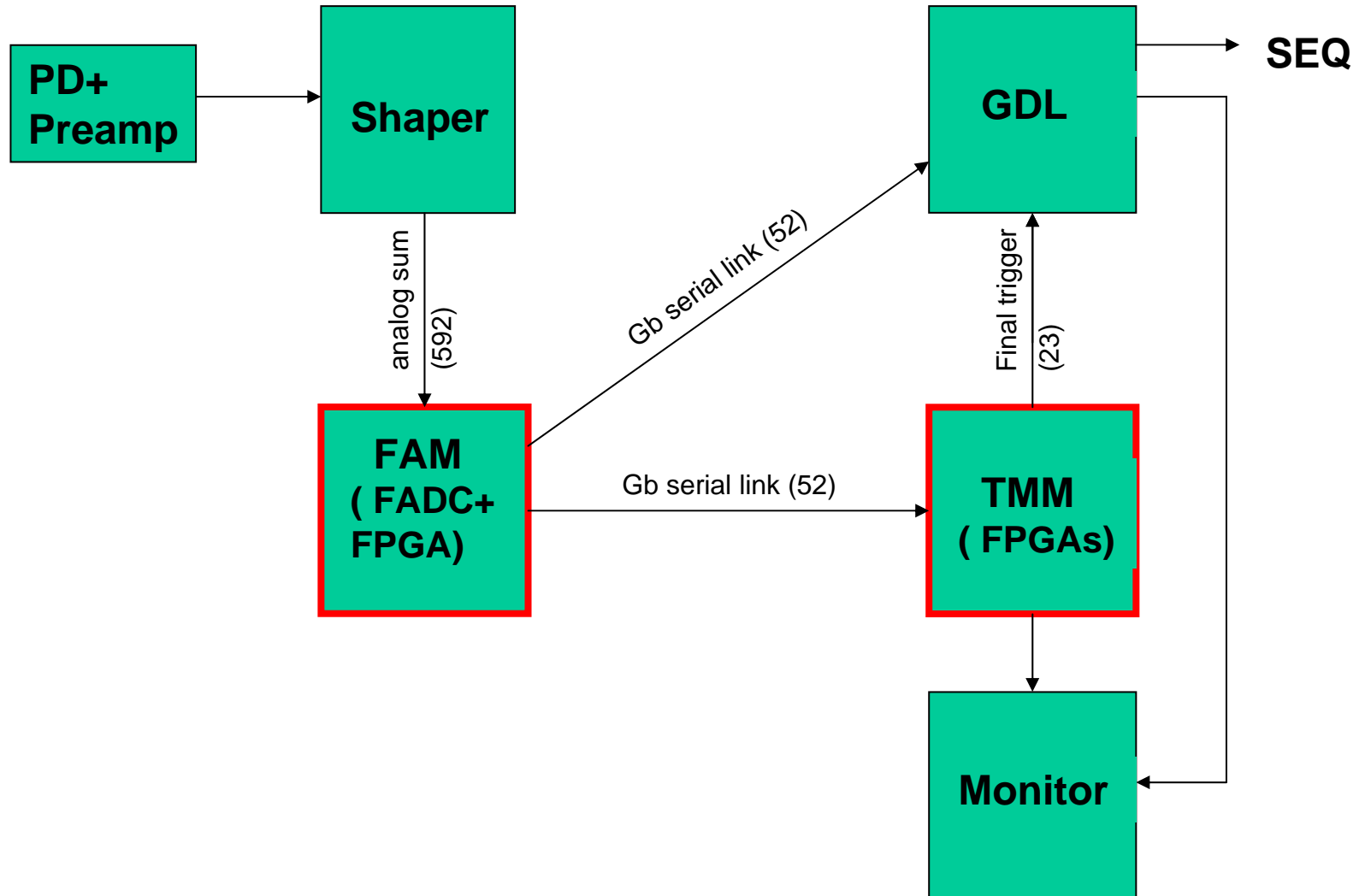
icn hadc: c4#c5 m track3



# Belle ECL Electronics



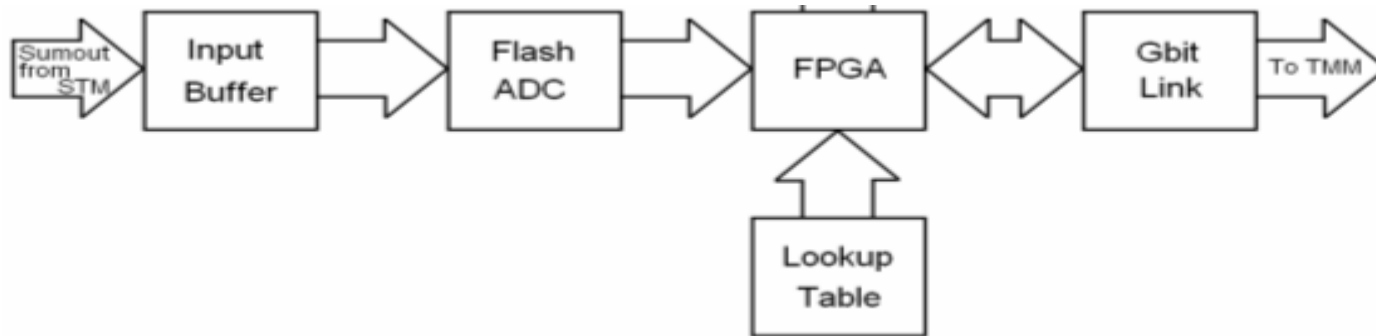
# Super Belle ECL trigger electronics



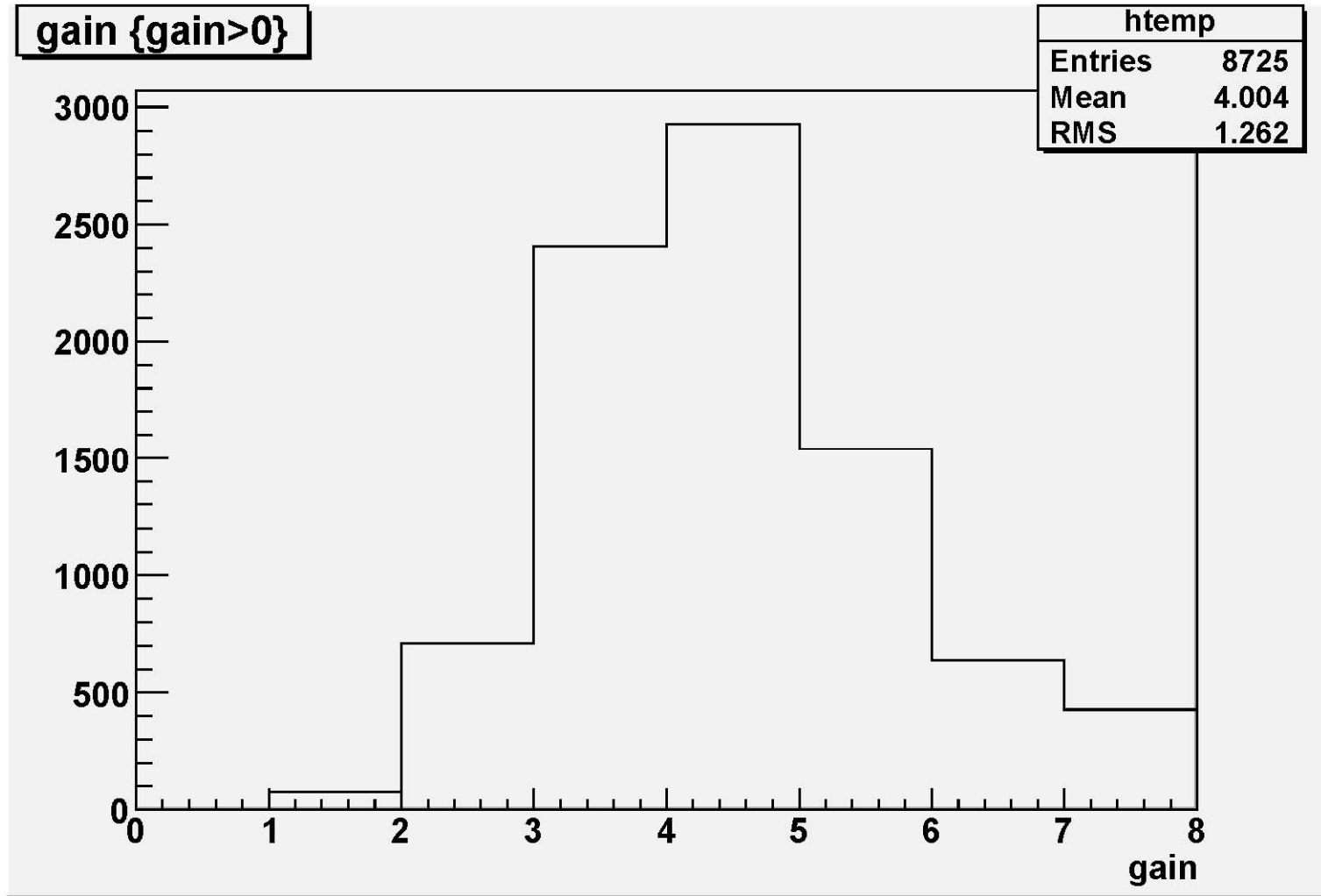
# Advantage of FAM + TMM scheme

- Electronics chain will be very simple.
- More flexible trigger algorithm design than Belle trigger.
- Reduction of cable; lots of bulky copper cables → 52 optical fibers
- Simple monitoring scheme (extra QT & TDCs are not necessary)
- Easy handling of CsI(Tl) and pure-CsI signals simultaneously

# Flash ADC Trigger Module (FAM)



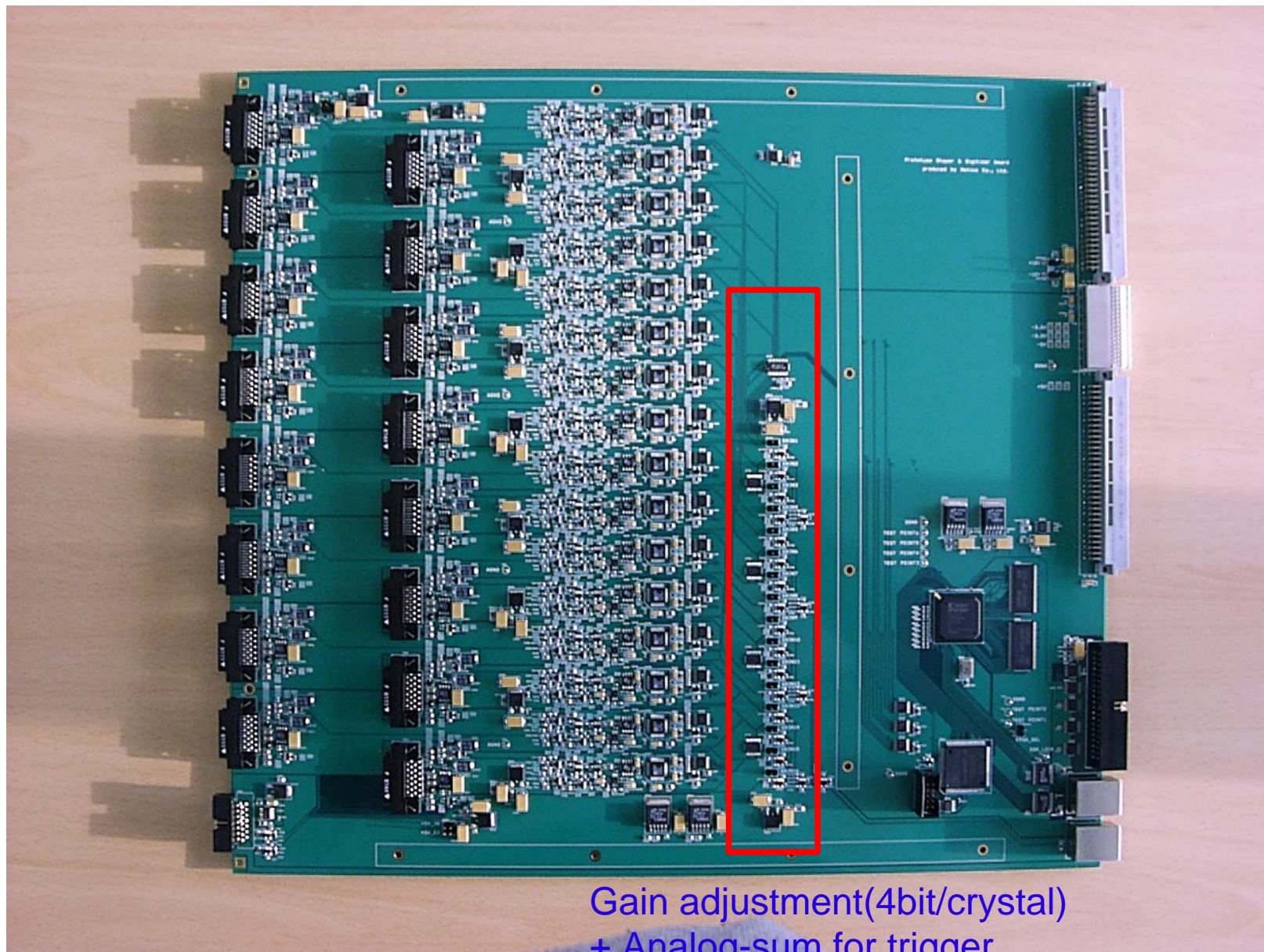
- 52 FAMs to cover all the TC(4x4 crystals) signals.
- Input : 12 TC analog sum signals from each shaper
- Continuous Input signal digitization @ 100MS/s 12bit
- Output : 12 TC <pulse height + discriminator bit> via Gbit link
- TC output gain variation adjustment using look-up-table
- One board(12 TC channels) / VME crate
- Crystal gain adjustment will be done at shaper board.



Each step : ~10% pulse height difference



# New VME shaper-digitizer board



Gain adjustment(4bit/crystal)  
+ Analog-sum for trigger



# Trigger & Monitoring Module (TMM)

- Input : 52 x 12 TC signals from FAM modules
- 7 FPGAs + VME interface
- If all parts are not fitted into one board, partitioning & cascading design will be taken into account.
- Output : 23 ECL final trigger signals to GDL
  - 4 ECL trigger timings ( Final, Fwd, Barrel, Bwd )
  - 3 Total Energy ( >0.5, 1.0, 3.0 GeV)
  - 4 Isolated Cluster Number ( 3 bits + 1 carry-bit)
  - 11 types of Bhabha triggers
  - 1 Cosmic Veto

\*\* Any more useful trigger algorithm will be studied.

# Timing Latency

- Crystal to FAM =  $\sim 100\text{ns}$
- Peaking time =  $700\text{ns}$  @ peak position of analog sum signal
- ADC pipeline latency @ FAM =  $\sim 100\text{ns}$
- Peak finding process @ FAM =  $100 \sim 200\text{ns}$
- Programmable delay @ FAM =  $\sim 300\text{ns}$
- Gbit transfer ( $\sim 200\text{bit}$ ) =  $\sim 200\text{ns}$
- Optical cable length ( $40 \sim 60\text{m}$ ) =  $200 \sim 300\text{ns}$
- 52 Trigger input alignment @ TMM =  $\sim 100\text{ns}$
- Trigger decision @ TMM =  $100 \sim 200\text{ns}$

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Total latency =  $1.9 \sim 2.2 \mu\text{s}$

# Summary

- FAM core firmware algorithm has been studied using new EBM.
- Trigger algorithm will be studied with gsim4superb (Unno san's talk).
- We will start designing FAM after new VME shaper is tested.

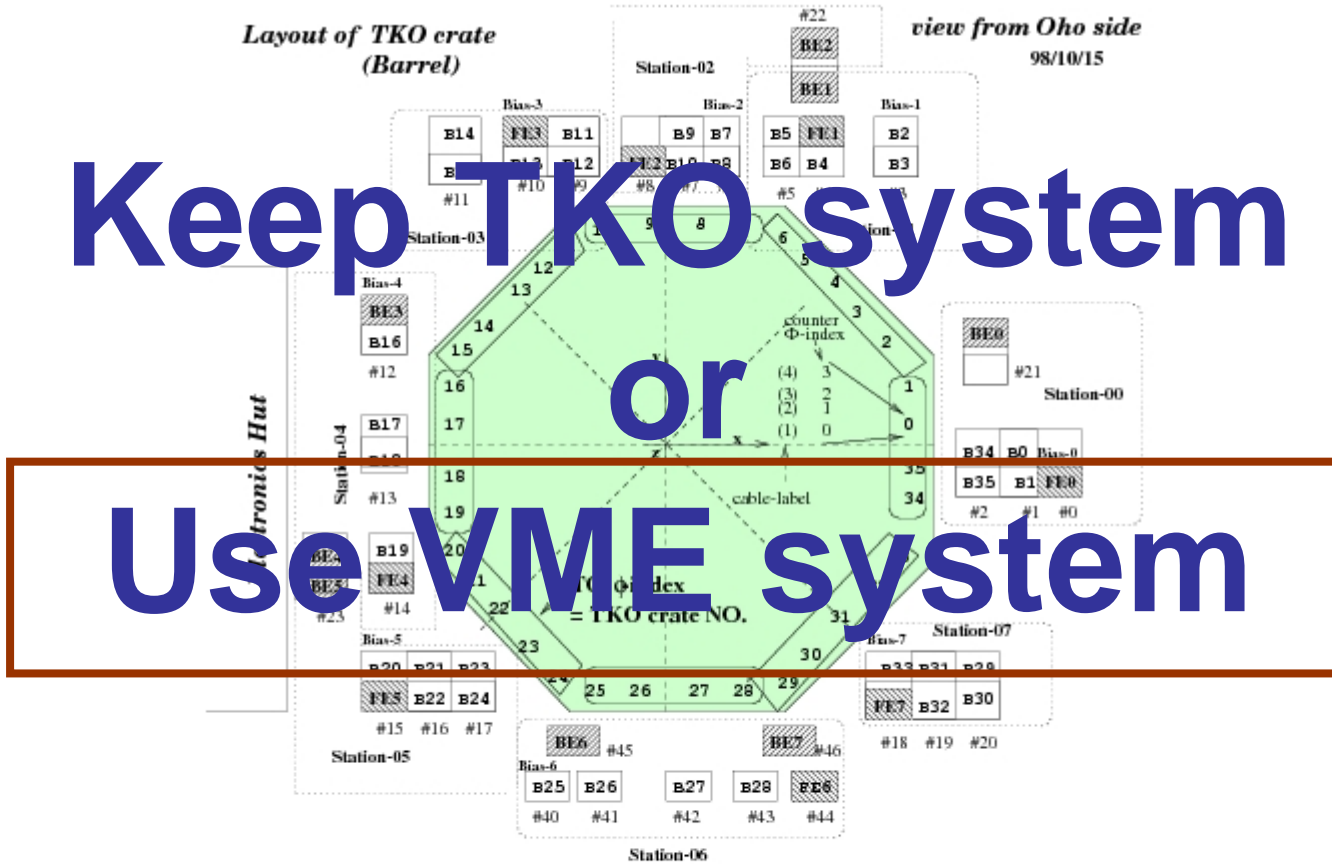
**Backup Slide**

# 52 TKO crates

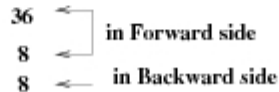
Keep TKO system  
or  
Use VME system

Layout of TKO crate  
(Barrel)

view from Oho side  
98/10/15



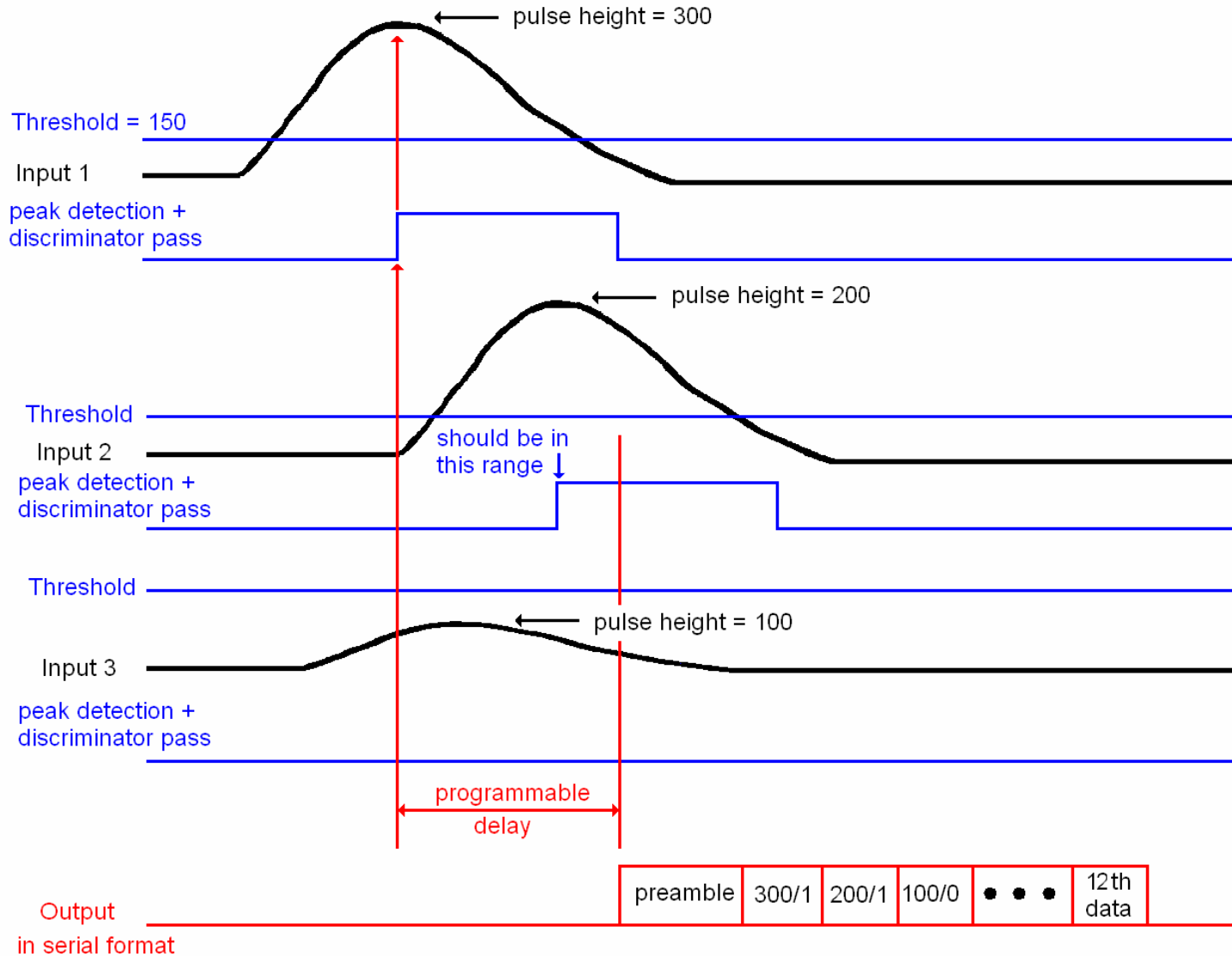
Crate naming convention.



#0-#23: 8U rack #  
#40-#46: 4U rack#

Barrel: 184 x 36 = 6624 ch.  
Forward Endcaps: 144 x 8 = 1152 ch  
Backward Endcaps: 120 x 8 = 960 ch

# How FAM works



# New EBM

M.J.Lee

- New EBM is not just a replacement of old EBM
  - It uses digitization of incoming signal and FPGA processing for discrimination & peak searching
- We installed new EBM test bench
  - This test bench is also aiming possible test for sBelle

